























COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Urbana, Illinois For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



CITY OF URBANA URBANA, ILLINOIS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Officials Issuing Report Elizabeth Hannan, Finance Director

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CITY OF URBANA, ILLINOIS FINANCE DEPARTMENT



December 20, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Council Members, and Citizens of the City of Urbana, Illinois:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose, rests with management of the City of Urbana, and in particular, the City Finance Director. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Urbana. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City of Urbana's financial condition and activities have been included.

The City of Urbana financial statements have been audited by Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, licensed certified public accountants. The independent audit provides reasonable assurance that the statements are free of material misstatements. This audit involved examining selected records to support amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles applied and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the statements are fairly presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards. Their letter is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements, in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which immediately follows the

independent auditor's report. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. As a recipient of various federal and state financial assistance programs, the City of Urbana is also required under the Federal Single Audit Act, to have an annual audit of certain major federal grant programs performed. This audit contains information concerning whether grant activity is presented fairly in the general purpose financial statements, whether internal control is sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the funds are managed properly, and whether material grant compliance requirements have been met. The auditor's report relative to the Federal Single Audit Act is reported separately.

Profile of the City of Urbana

The City of Urbana, chartered in 1855, is a home-rule municipality located in Champaign County, which is situated in east central Illinois, approximately 135 miles south of Chicago and 45 miles west of the Indiana border. Twelve square miles are within the City boundaries. The University of Illinois is located in both Urbana and Urbana's twin city of Champaign. Urbana's population is estimated at 42,046 for 2018 and tends to be younger and more diverse than the population of the State as a whole. Residents are also highly educated, with nearly 55% holding a bachelor's degree or higher. About 60% of housing units are in multi-unit structures, which is much higher than for the State as a whole. All of these factors contribute to making Urbana a unique and vibrant community.

The City operates under the mayor/aldermanic form of government. The legislative authority of the City is vested in a seven-member council, each elected from their respective districts. The Mayor is elected at large. Each member and the Mayor serve a four-year term. The Mayor recommends and the City Council approves appointment of the City Administrator, and department and division heads.

The City of Urbana provides a full range of municipal services, as outlined below:

Police: Patrol, Traffic Control, and Criminal Investigation

Fire: Fire Suppression, Fire Prevention, and Emergency

Medical Assistance

Public Works: Street Maintenance and Reconstruction, Traffic

Maintenance, Street Lighting Maintenance and

Reconstruction, Sanitary and Storm Sewer Maintenance

and Reconstruction, Arbor Maintenance and Improvement, Parking (on an enterprise basis)

Community Development: Planning and Zoning Enforcement, Building Inspection,

Economic Development, and Housing Improvement

Other Services: Library Services, Human Relations

This report includes all funds of the City of Urbana. The Urbana Free Library and the Fire and Police Pension funds are included. There are no other entities in which the primary government is considered financially accountable or other organizations that, if excluded, would cause these statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City also participates in a joint venture with the City of Champaign, the Champaign-Urbana Solid Waste Disposal System (CUSWDS). This joint venture is responsible for overseeing closeout and long-term maintenance of the old regional landfill site. Urbana's share of the joint venture (38.2%) is shown as an asset called Investment in Joint Ventures. It is contemplated that the City's investment will remain at the same level. This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial report. However, financial information for the joint venture is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Planning

Finance staff develops a financial forecast annually, which is used for developing a strategy for the budget process. This informs decisions such as requiring departments to make budget reductions, or considering new or enhanced programs or services. The City Council has also adopted a set of financial policies to guide in preparation of the annual budget.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments submit budget requests to the Finance Department, which are then reviewed by Finance staff, the City Administrator, and the Mayor. The Mayor makes final decisions on the proposed budget, which is then presented to the City Council for review. The City Council reviews the proposed budget in several open meetings, holds a public hearing and adopts the budget before the beginning of the new fiscal year. The budget is prepared by fund, department, program, and expenditure classification (e.g., supplies, services). The level of expenditures cannot exceed budgeted amounts within certain basic expenditure categories within an individual department for the General Fund or for the fund in whole for non-general funds. All funds have balanced annual budgets, prepared on a cash basis, and approved by the City Council, except for pension trust funds. Pension trust funds are managed by appointed Trustees and budgetary control is maintained through an annual actuarial review.

The Finance Director is authorized to transfer amounts within basic expenditure categories of personnel, supplies, services, and capital with the approval of the City Administrator. This budgetary control is maintained through regular financial reports. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which a budget has been adopted.

Local Economy

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood in the context of the specific environment in which the City of Urbana operates.

The presence of the University of Illinois has a significant, stabilizing influence on the local economy. In addition to bringing 47,000 students from every state as well as more than 100 foreign countries to the Urbana-Champaign area, the University employs more than 14,000 people, including many residents of the City of Urbana. The health care sector employs more than 9,600 people in the metro area.

The University of Illinois "Flash Index," which is the most current measure of the State's economic performance, is at 105.3 for November 2019. An index over 100 indicates growth. In addition, the local unemployment rate was at 3.5% in September 2019. Both of these are positive indicators for the local economy.

State and local sales tax revenue make up nearly one-third of General Fund revenues. Sales tax performance was relatively strong in FY2019, with State and Home Rule sales out performing the budget by 4%. Use tax out performed the budget by about 20%, which may reflect increasing online sales. This strong performance is due, in part, to the long-anticipated decision which cleared the way for state and local governments to enforce existing sales and use tax laws on remote sales. Reliance on sales tax as a revenue source can be problematic during economic downturns. However, the City's reserves provide a cushion against these fluctuations.

The City's taxable assessed value increased by about 4.59% for the 2018 tax levy. That was the third year of significant growth in assessments following the 2008-2009 recession. The City has maintained a relatively stable tax rate for the past few years. City staff anticipates that growth will be about 3% for the 2019 tax levy, when assessments are finalized.

Major Initiatives

The City is actively engaged in developing and implementing new strategies to foster economic growth. Significant initiatives for the City in fiscal year 2019 were:

- a) During FY2019, the City issued permits for commercial projects valued at \$39.8 million, adding 68,000 square feet in new construction.
- b) The City's new Enterprise Zone went into effect in January 2016, and includes a residential program marketed as *Think Urbana*. To date, *Think Urbana*, which provides property tax abatements and sales tax exemptions for eligible development, has resulted in 58 projects containing 243 residential units, with a value of \$56.7 million.

- c) The Enterprise Zone has also resulted in 31 commercial development projects with a value of \$21.2 million, which are expected to result in 379 new and retained jobs.
- d) The City continued to use Tax Increment Financing District funds to incentivize redevelopment in several areas, including Downtown Urbana. The City currently has three active development agreements leveraging an estimated \$25 million in private investment in the Central Redevelopment Area TIF District. This includes a new 42-unit townhome development on the 200 block of South Vine Street and the redevelopment of the Landmark Hotel into a Hilton Tapestry.
- Several significant development projects are currently in the planning stages, including:
 - The Gather project extended stay hotel and apartments
 - The Union Gardens multi-family development project
- f) Significant capital improvement projects include the following
 - Work on the \$47 million Multimodal Corridor Enhancement (MCORE) project continued in FY2019. This is a comprehensive project that will transform the heart of Campustown with participation from the Cities of Urbana and Champaign, the University of Illinois, and the Champaign-Urbana Mass Transit District. The project is funded in part with a \$15.7 million federal TIGER grant, with remaining funds coming from local matches.

In Urbana, reconstruction of Green Street from Wright Street to Busey Avenue was completed in FY19. The final phase of this project rebuilding Green Street from Busey Avenue to Race Street, making this street the major connection between campus and downtown, is currently in the design phase and construction is scheduled to be begin in the spring of 2020.

The total cost of the City of Urbana's local match for the MCORE project is estimated at \$5.4 million, with funding coming from the Capital Improvement Fund and the City's share of State Motor Fuel Tax funds.

A space needs assessment and facility planning process began in FY2019 with an initial investment of \$75,000, carried forward from FY2018. The total cost of the study is expected to be slightly more than \$300,000 over two years. This plan will define a strategy for addressing City facility and programming/space needs when funds are available.

 Work began on a stormwater master plan update in FY2019, with an estimated cost of \$250,000. This will set the direction for future stormwater improvements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Urbana for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR in conformance with GAAP. The report satisfied both GAAP and legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Management believes that the current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we plan to submit it to GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to staff in the Finance Department for their efficient and dedicated service in helping prepare this report. In particular, I want to thank Jing Lin, Staff Accountant; Don Ho, Financial Analyst; Theresa Hoffman, Financial Services Specialist; Michelle Higar, Financial Services Coordinator; and Kris Francisco, Financial Services Manager for their work. I would also like to commend the Mayor, members of the City Council, City Administrator, and staff throughout the City of Urbana for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Elizabeth A. Hannan Finance Director

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Elected Officials

Mayor Diane Wolfe Marlin
Alderperson, Ward 1 Maryalice Wu
Alderperson, Ward 2 Eric Jakobsson
Alderperson, Ward 3 Shirese Hursey
Alderperson, Ward 4 Bill Brown
Alderperson, Ward 5 Dennis Roberts

Alderperson, Ward 6

Alderperson, Ward 7

H. Dean Hazen

Jared Miller

City Clerk Charles A. Smyth

Appointed Officials

City Administrator Carol J. Mitten

Finance Director Elizabeth Hannan

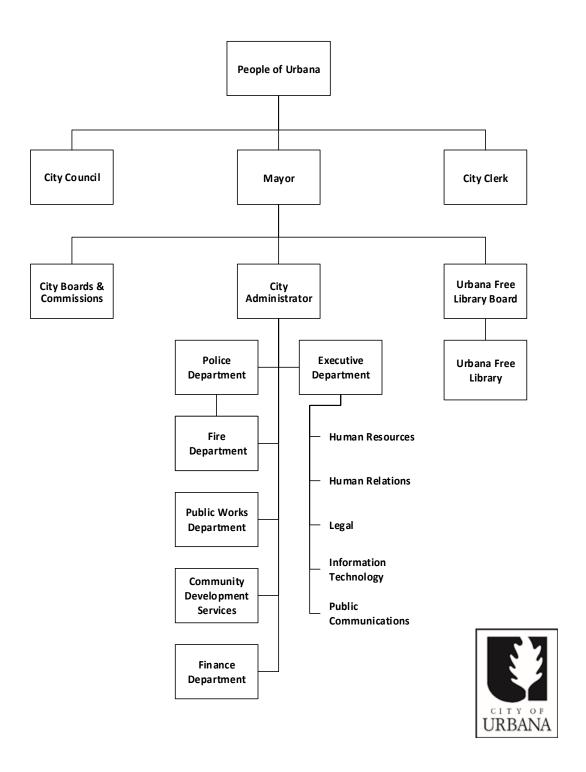
Interim Police Chief Bryant Seraphin

Public Works Director Vacant

Fire Chief Charles Lauss

Community Development Director John Schneider

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Urbana Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Urbana Urbana, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Urbana, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Urbana's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Urbana Free Library, the City of Urbana Police Pension Fund, and the City of Urbana Firefighters' Pension Fund were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Urbana's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Urbana's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Urbana

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Urbana, Illinois, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Urbana's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Urbana's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Urbana

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Urbana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is soley to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Urbana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Urbana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oak Brook, Illinois December 20, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of City of Urbana's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The management of the City encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the transmittal letter found in the introductory section and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$108.0 million (net position). Of this amount \$(2.2) million is unrestricted.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44.9 million, an increase of \$5.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$13.3 million is available for spending at the government's discretion (unrestricted fund balance).
- General revenues accounted for \$32.0 million in revenue or 72% of all governmental revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees and grants accounted for \$12.6 million or 28% of total governmental revenues of \$44.6 million.
- The City had \$43.3 million in expenses related to government activities. However, only \$12.6 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges and grants.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$13.5 million, or 45% of the total General Fund expenditures. This includes revenues that were owed to the City, but not yet received as of June 30.
- Long-term liabilities, which include pension obligations, increased by \$10.8 million to \$53.2 million. This is primarily due to increased net pension liabilities related to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). IMRF net pension liabilities increased by \$8.6 million due to an increase in plan net investment income (\$3.4 million), among other factors.
- The City has relatively little outstanding debt, with a total of \$4.5 million outstanding as of the end of 2019.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be divided into two types of activities: governmental and business type. Governmental activities present the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business type activities present the functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The City's governmental activities include functions like general government, public safety, highways and streets, and urban redevelopment and housing. The City's business type activities include motor vehicle parking.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources; as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 5 major individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Fund, General Reserve Fund, Capital Improvement and Replacement Fund, and Motor Fuel Tax Fund. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual budget for each of the major funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business type activities in the government—wide financial statements. The City utilizes enterprise funds to account for its motor vehicle parking system. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions.

The City of Urbana uses internal service funds to account for equipment services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Motor Vehicle Parking Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the City. The internal service fund is also presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, Firefighters' Pension Fund and Retiree Health Insurance Plan; as well as, budget to actual comparisons of the funds. Supplementary schedules include combining and individual fund schedules of all non-major funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Table 1 Condensed Statements of Net Position (in millions of dollars)												
	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u> 2019 2018			Business Type Activities 2019 2018				<u>Total</u> 2019 20		2018		
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	52.6	\$	46.2	\$	1.8	\$	1.8	\$	54.4	\$	48.0
Capital assets	_	98.0		98.9		6.1		6.2	_	104.1	_	105.1
Total assets		150.6		145.1	_	7.9		8.0		158.5		153.1
Deferred outflows of resources												
Deferred outflows related to pensions		13.1		9.4		0.1		-		13.2		9.4
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	_	1.0	_						_	1.0	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources		14.1	_	9.4	_	0.1			_	14.2		9.4
Liabilities												
Long-term liabilities		53.1		42.4		0.1		-		53.2		42.4
Other liabilities	_	3.4	_	2.8		0.2		0.2	_	3.6	_	3.0
Total liabilities		56.5	_	45.2	_	0.3		0.2	_	56.8		45.4
Deferred inflows of resources												
Property taxes levied for future periods		2.8		2.7		-		-		2.8		2.7
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		8.0		0.1		-		-		0.8		0.1
Deferred inflows related to pensions	_	4.3	_	8.4	_	-		0.1	_	4.3	_	8.5
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	7.9		11.2				0.1		7.9	_	11.3
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		93.5		93.3		6.1		6.2		99.6		99.5
Restricted		10.6		8.0		-		-		10.6		8.0
Unrestricted	_	(3.8)	_	(3.2)	_	1.6		1.5	_	(2.2)	_	(1.7
Total net position	\$	100.3	\$	98.1	\$	7.7	\$	7.7	\$	108.0	\$	105.8

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation.

<u>Net results of activities</u> – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) increase capital assets and long-term debt, which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Principal payment on debt</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt; and, (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Reduction of capital assets through depreciation</u> – which will reduce capital assets and the net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, total net position increased by \$2.2 million from \$105.8 million to \$108.0 million. The City's total assets/deferred outflows of resources equal \$172.7 million. The City's total liabilities/deferred inflows of resources equal \$64.7 million.

The increase in net position was driven by an increase in the City's assets/deferred outflow. The deferred outflow related to pensions increased substantially due to delayed IMRF's net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments resulting in a deferred outflow compared to a deferred inflow in the prior year. An increase of \$3.8 million in deferred outflow related to pension was offset by a decrease of \$4.2 million in deferred inflow related to pensions. An increase of \$8.5 million in IMRF Pension net pension liability resulted in the increase of long-term liability. The increase in assets/deferred outflow exceeded the increase in liability/deferred inflow, resulting in an increase in net position.

A portion of the net position of the governmental activities is restricted for various purposes, including urban housing and development, public safety, and capital projects. The negative unrestricted net position of \$(2.2) million is due to an increase of \$2.6 million in the restricted net position. The unrestricted net position in business-type activities of \$1.6 million can be used to fund ongoing operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Table 2 Condensed Statements of Activities (in millions of dollars)												
		Activities					Business Type Activities			_Total		
Revenues		2019	20	018		2019		018	201	9		2018
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	9.0	\$	8.2	\$	1.5	\$	1.3	\$ 10	0.5	\$	9.5
Operating grants and contributions	Ψ	0.5	Ψ	3.0	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	*	0.5	Ψ	3.0
Capital grants and contributions		3.1		3.2		-		-		3.1		3.2
General revenues												
Property taxes		6.8		6.6		-		-	(8.6		6.6
Other taxes		11.5		11.6		-		-	1	1.5		11.6
Intergovernmental		11.6		10.5		-		-	1	1.6		10.5
Other general revenues	_	2.1		0.6		0.1				2.2		0.6
Total revenues	_	44.6		<u>43.7</u>	_	1.6		1.3	4	<u>3.2</u>		45.0
Expenses												
General government		5.6		6.9		-		_		5.6		6.9
Public safety		22.2		21.9		-		-	2	2.2		21.9
Highways and streets		11.2		10.8		-		-	1	1.2		10.8
Urban redevelopment and housing		4.2		4.6		-		-	4	4.2		4.6
Interest and fiscal charges		0.1		0.1		-		-	(0.1		0.1
Motor vehicle parking	_					0.7		0.7		<u> </u>		0.7
Total expenses	_	43.3		<u>44.3</u>	_	0.7		0.7	4	<u>4.0</u>		45.0
Transfers		0.9		0.9		(0.9)		(0.9)				_
Change in net position		2.2		0.3		-		(0.3)		2.2		-
Net position, beginning of year	_	98.1		97.8		7.7		8.0	10	5.8		105.8
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	100.3	\$	98.1	\$	7.7	\$	7.7	\$ 108	3.0	\$	105.8

Normal Impacts

There are eight basic (normal) impacts that will affect the comparability of the revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities summary presentation.

Revenues

<u>Economic condition</u> – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment, and has substantial impact on state sales, replacement and hotel/motel tax revenue; as well as, public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

<u>Increase/decrease in City approved rates</u> – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, home rule sales tax, etc.).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u> – the City's investments may be affected by market conditions causing investment income to increase/decrease.

Expenses

<u>Introduction of new programs</u> – within the functional expense categories (general government, public safety, public works, and community development), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

<u>Change in authorized personnel</u> – changes in service demand may cause the City to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent the largest operating cost of the City.

<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u> – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

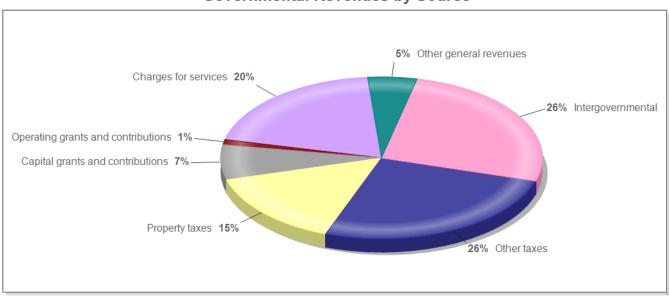
Current Year Impacts

Governmental activities experienced an increase in revenue of \$0.9 million from \$43.7 million to \$44.6 million. Expenses remained steady between fiscal years which resulted in an increase of \$2.2 million in the City's governmental activities net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

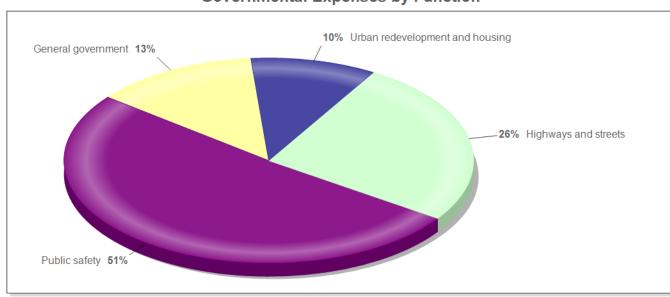
Governmental Revenues by Source



Revenues

Revenues increased by 4% compared to the previous fiscal year. It was partly because of the recognition of previously unearned grant revenue. Investment income increased largely due to increased interest rates.

Governmental Expenses by Function



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Expenses

The City's overall expenses in governmental activities for the current fiscal year decreased by \$1.0 million over the previous year. The City was making budget cuts for FY19. Expenses in General government decreased by \$1.3 million is partly due to the Information Technology department moving out of the General Fund. Decreases in public works expenses were driven by decreased capital outlay in highway/streets and infrastructure maintenance. The decreased expenditures in Urban Redevelopment & Housing is related to staff turnover.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The fund balance in governmental funds increased from \$39.6 million to \$44.9 million, an increase of \$5.3 million or 13.4%. Most of the increase is in the General Operating Fund, where the revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2.1 million. There was an increase of \$2.4 million in fund balance. This is partially because Information Technology moved from the General Fund into a new internal service fund starting in FY19, decreasing the staff costs.

The Urban Redevelopment & Housing revenue increased \$0.2 million as a result of quite a lot of building activity on large projects. In particular, building activity at Carle and the Retreat project contributed to the increased revenues.

Both the Capital Improvement & Replacement and Motor Fuel Tax Funds had increases of \$1.8 million and \$1.3 million in fund balance respectively. The increase is because the substantial completion of capital projects in 2018, and only restoration and remedial work taking place in 2019 (Airport Rd West project), which led to decreased expenditures. Compared to 2018, the capital outlay decreased largely in both funds due to the completion of the projects improvements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund revenues of \$32.3 million were more than the final budget by \$0.4 million. However, it was at 101% of the original budget largely because the City's budget is prepared on a cash basis, whereas the audited financial statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis. Expenditures were \$2.5 million below budget, largely because expenditures in police and public works were significantly below the final budget. In the police department, salary expenses and employee insurance costs were less than budgeted. In addition, police and fire pension costs were lower than expected due to delayed receipt of property tax revenues. The public works department was under budget for City utilities, supplies, and equipment.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

By the end of 2019, the City had compiled a total investment of \$180.7 million (\$104.1 million net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, infrastructure, equipment, and vehicles. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$5.1 million. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note III of the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Table 3 Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)										
		Govern Acti 2019			<u>usine</u> <u>Acti</u> 019	viti	<u>Type</u> <u>es</u> 2018	<u>To</u> 2019	ota	<u>ll</u> 2018
Land	\$	7.9	\$		\$ 3.8	\$	3.8	\$ 11.7	\$	11.7
Construction in progress		12.6		12.0	0.6		0.6	13.2		12.6
Buildings and improvements		5.3		5.3	1.6		1.7	6.9		7.0
Infrastructure		67.5		70.0	-		-	67.5		70.0
Equipment	_	4.7	_	3.7	 0.1	_	0.1	 4.8		3.8
Total	<u>\$</u>	98.0	<u>\$</u>	98.9	\$ 6.1	\$	6.2	\$ 104.1	<u>\$</u>	105.1

Debt Administration

The debt administration discussion covers two types of debt reported by the City's financial statements. The City's governmental activities include the general obligation bond issuance for the Boneyard improvement project as well as the general obligation bond issuance for the Windsor Road improvement project. Overall, the City's governmental activities report a total debt of \$4.5 million. The City began the fiscal year with a balance of \$5.6 million in debt and reduced debt by \$1.1 million, leaving a June 30, 2019 debt balance of \$4.5 million. More detailed information about debt administration can be found in Note III of the basic financial statements.

Table 4 Long-Term Debt (in millions of dollars)		
	<u>Governmenta</u> <u>Activities</u> 2019 2018	_
General obligation bonds Loans payable Total	0.30	5.3 0.3 5.6

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Factors Bearing on the City's Future

The City continues to make progress on eliminating a significant structural deficit in the General Operating Fund. A number of positions have been eliminated over the last few years. The City Council has approved a 3% tax on recreational cannabis, which will be effective in September 2020; an 0.5% increase in the food and beverage tax, which will be effective in February 2020; and changes to the hotel / motel tax that will capture revenue from Airbnb and similar facilitators, beginning in March 2020. Those changes should position the City to eliminate the structural deficit for FY2021.

The impact of changes in Illinois law pertaining to collection of sales tax on e-commerce is more difficult to predict. The City does expect to see a slight gain overall in sales and use tax revenue. This will be fully realized in October 2020, when the City receives revenues from sales in July 2020, which is the date when the changes are fully implemented. However, our dependence on sales tax revenue, which is nearly one-third of General Fund revenue, will be problematic during economic downturns.

The City has reduced its property tax rate to \$1.3499, and the City's overall tax rate has decreased by nearly 36-cents to \$10.3310. That rate is about 13% higher than the neighboring City of Champaign. While the gap is shrinking, this puts the City at a competitive disadvantage and is not sustainable. The City and other taxing districts continue to deal with fallout from the 2012 State law that grants hospitals tax relief. Because the local hospitals made up about 11% of the City's EAV, the result was a shift in the tax burden to other taxpayers.

The State's fiscal situation remains a concern. There is always the possibility that the State will reduce funding to local governments as they continue efforts to address significant fiscal issues, including funding for State pensions.

In addition, any reductions in State funding for the University of Illinois, which is a significant driver for the local economy and the City's largest employer, would also have a significant impact on the City. Depending on the magnitude of reductions, there could be wide ranging impacts on the local economy, affecting sales taxes and other City revenues.

The City will continue to develop a financial forecast annually to ensure that we can identify and use appropriate strategies to ensure long term financial sustainability.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the City's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like a copy of the financial statements for the Urbana Free Library, contact the Finance Office:

Elizabeth Hannan, Finance Director City of Urbana 400 S. Vine Street Urbana, Illinois 61801

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2019

400570	G	Governmental Activities	Вı —	usiness-Type Activities		Totals		Component Unit - Irbana Free Library
ASSETS Cook and investments	Φ	40 200 052	Φ	1 701 155	φ	40 472 207	Φ	1 205 076
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	40,389,052	\$	1,784,155	\$	42,173,207	\$	1,385,876
Property taxes		6,097,123				6,097,123		2,505,755
Other taxes		402,849		-		402,849		2,303,733
Accrued interest		96,328		_		96,328		145
Accounts		1,067,649		15,776		1,083,425		143
Due from other governments		3,749,961		15,776		3,749,961		14,296
Grants		618,956		_		618,956		14,290
Internal balances		(28,312)		28,312		010,330		
Prepaid items		93,240		20,512		93,240		17,166
Inventory		122,136		_		122,136		17,100
Restricted assets		122, 130		_		122, 130		_
Cash and investments								732,272
Investment in joint venture		74,210		-		74,210		132,212
Capital Assets		74,210		_		74,210		_
Land		7,867,289		3,765,739		11,633,028		594,362
		12,600,814		674,328		13,275,142		394,302
Construction in progress		77,496,341		1,639,686		79,136,027		8,286,577
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		150,647,636	_			158,555,632	_	13,536,449
Total Assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		130,647,636	_	7,907,996		156,555,652	_	13,330,449
		12 026 074		02.764		12 110 020		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		13,036,074		83,764		13,119,838		40 442
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	_	1,030,468		733		1,031,201		40,443
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES	_	14,066,542		84,497	_	14,151,039		40,443
Accounts payable		1,427,398		7,674		1,435,072		19,188
Claims payable		707,205		-		707,205		-
Accrued interest		50,250		-		50,250		-
Accrued salaries and taxes		605,406		2,109		607,515		102,739
Unearned revenue		706,506		157,810		864,316		42,417
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Due within one year		3,150,483		-		3,150,483		146,115
Due in more than one year		49,900,911	_	150,466		50,051,377	_	171,941
Total Liabilities		56,548,159	_	318,059		56,866,218	_	482,400
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property taxes levied for future periods		2,840,058		-		2,840,058		1,554,307
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4,256,818		16,374		4,273,192		-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		763,924		791		764,715		29,992
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,860,800		17,165		7,877,965		1,584,299
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for		93,516,944		6,079,753		99,596,697		8,880,939
Public safety		60,888		_		60,888		_
Urban redevelopment and housing		3,849,136		_		3,849,136		_
Capital projects		5,975,268		_		5,975,268		_
Highways and streets		754,062		_		754,062		_
Trust		,		_		,		730,210
Unrestricted	_	(3,851,079)		1,577,516		(2,273,563)		1,899,044
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	100,305,219	\$	7,657,269	\$	107,962,488	\$	11,510,193

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs Primary Government Governmental Activities	_	Expenses	_	Charges for Services	G	Operating Frants and Ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
General government Public safety Highways and streets Urban redevelopment & housing Interest and fiscal charges Total Governmental Activities	\$	5,617,996 22,171,977 11,247,279 4,206,629 93,230 43,337,111	\$	293,142 3,233,690 3,872,038 1,554,066 	\$	36,954 78,030 3,013 388,265 - 506,262	\$	125,791 2,932,125 - - 3,057,916
Business-type Activities Parking Total Business-type Activities	<u> </u>	733,772 733,772	_	1,529,315 1,529,315	<u> </u>			
Total Primary Government Component Unit	<u>\$</u>	4,037,725	<u>\$</u>	<u>10,482,251</u> 223,773	<u>\$</u>	506,262 110,449	<u>»</u>	3,057,916
Urbana Free Library	φ	4,007,720	φ	223,113	Ψ	110,449	φ	

General Revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Local sales taxes

Hotel/motel taxes

Sewer benefit taxes

Utility taxes

Intergovernmental

State sales taxes

Corporate personal property replacement taxes

State income taxes

Other intergovernmental

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net position

NET POSITION - Beginning of Year

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

Net (E	xpenses) Revenues a		
	Primary Governmen	nt	Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	Urbana Free Library
\$ (5,287,900 (18,734,466 (4,440,103 (2,264,298 (93,230 (30,819,997) -) -) -	\$ (5,287,900) (18,734,466) (4,440,103) (2,264,298) (93,230) (30,819,997)	\$ - - - - - -
	795,543 795,543	795,543 795,543	
(30,819,997	795,543	(30,024,454)	
-	-	-	(3,703,503)
6,844,352 5,570,906 952,301 1,321,740 3,698,703	- - -	6,844,352 5,570,906 952,301 1,321,740 3,698,703	2,953,447 - - - -
6,652,735 268,049 4,298,362 357,068 1,118,805 960,426	- - 54,762	6,652,735 268,049 4,298,362 357,068 1,173,567 960,426	- 89,935 - - 15,855 547,386
32,043,447 942,620 32,986,067	54,762 (942,620)	32,098,209	3,606,623
2,166,070		2,073,755	(96,880)
98,139,149	7,749,584	105,888,733	11,607,073
\$ 100,305,219	\$ 7,657,269	\$ 107,962,488	\$ 11,510,193

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	General	Vehicle and Equipment Replacement	General Reserve	Capital Improvement and Replacement
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 10,909,486	\$ 7,568,444	\$ 5,475,152	\$ 6,822,882
Receivables				
Property tax receivable	3,525,839	-	-	-
Other taxes	345,110	-	-	71,616
Accounts receivable	371,717	-	-	462,340
Accrued interest	96,328	-	-	-
Due from other governments	3,649,179	-	-	-
Grants receivable	-	125,791	-	31,412
Due from other funds	279,043	-	-	-
Prepaid items	<u>81,198</u>			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 19,257,900	\$ 7,694,235	\$ 5,475,152	\$ 7,388,250

Motor Fuel Tax		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals		
\$	3,752,831	\$ 5,140,813	\$	39,669,608		
	-	2,226,174		5,752,013		
	-	331,233		747,959		
	-	233,592		1,067,649		
	-	-		96,328		
	100,782	-		3,749,961		
	-	461,753		618,956		
	-	-		279,043		
	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		81,198		
\$	3,853,613	\$ 8,393,565	\$	52,062,715		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	General	Vehicle and Equipment Replacement	General Reserve	Capital Improvement and Replacement
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 374,671	\$ 3,930	\$ -	\$ 359,630
Claims payable	707,205	-	-	- -
Accrued salaries and taxes	563,856	-	-	-
Due to other funds	400.000	-	-	-
Unearned revenues Total Liabilities	402,808 2,048,540	3,930		230,568 590,198
Total Elabilities	2,040,040	3,930		390,190
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes levied for future periods	1,841,681	-	-	-
Unavailable revenues for grants	331,711	125,791	-	33,937
Unavailable for intergovernmental	- 470,000	405.704		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,173,392	125,791		33,937
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable for prepaid items	81,198	_	_	_
Restricted for urban housing and	01,100			
development	-	-	-	-
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-	2,178,473
Restricted for public safety	-	-	-	-
Restricted for highways and streets	-	-	-	-
Committed for capital projects Assigned for public safety	-	7,564,514	-	- -
Assigned for urban housing and	_	7,304,314	_	_
development	-	-	-	-
Assigned for workers' compensation	1,456,102	-	-	-
Assigned for public television	-	-	-	-
Assigned for capital projects	-	-	- 475 450	4,585,642
Assigned for property tax reserve Unassigned fund balance	- 13,498,668	-	5,475,152	-
Total Fund Balances	15,035,968	7,564,514	5,475,152	6,764,115
. Jan Fana Balaness	.0,000,000	1,001,011	0, 1. 0, 102	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES,				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES, AND FUND	ф 40.0EZ.000	ф 7.004.00 г	ф <i>Б 475 45</i> 0	ф 7 200 0 50
BALANCES	<u>\$ 19,257,900</u>	\$ 7,694,235	\$ 5,475,152	<u>\$ 7,388,250</u>

Motor Fuel Tax		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals		
\$ 3	32,317	\$	590,428	\$	1,360,976 707,205	
	-		25,880		589,736	
	-		279,043		279,043	
	-	_	73,130		706,506	
	32,317	_	968,481		3,643,466	
	-		998,377		2,840,058	
2	24,501		54,810		570,750	
	24,501	_	123,954 1,177,141	_	123,954 3,534,762	
	<u>24,501</u>		1,177,141		5,554,762	
	-		-		81,198	
	_		3,849,136		3,849,136	
3,79	96,795		-		5,975,268	
	-		60,888		60,888	
	-		754,062		754,062	
	-		1,280,537 123,402		1,280,537 7,687,916	
	_		123,402		7,007,910	
	-		266,203		266,203	
	-		-		1,456,102	
	-		125,877		125,877 4,585,642	
	-		-		5,475,152	
	_		(212,162)		13,286,506	
3,79	96,795		6,247,943		44,884,487	
\$ 3,85	53,613	\$	8,393,565	\$	52,062,715	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 44,884,487
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note III C. Less amount reported in internal service funds below:	97,964,444 (57,430)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Less amounts reported in internal service funds below.	13,036,074 (353,122)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	1,030,468
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.	694,704
An asset is reported in the statement of net position for the equity interest in the Champaign-Urbana Waste Disposal System joint venture.	74,210
Internal service funds are reported in the statement of net position as governmental activities.	509,657
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Less amounts reported in internal service funds above.	(4,256,818) 64,374
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(763,924)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Loan payable Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension liabilities Total other post employment benefits liability Less amounts reported in internal service funds above.	(4,150,000) (297,500) (1,967,983) (50,250) (42,263,861) (4,372,050) 579,739
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 100,305,219

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES Property taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental Licenses, fines, and service charges Investment income Miscellaneous revenues Total Revenues	General \$ 4,450,921 10,221,910 11,609,483 5,357,387 281,759 384,248 32,305,708	Vehicle and Equipment Replacement \$	General Reserve \$ - - 161,791 - 161,791	Capital Improvement and Replacement \$ - 1,342,768
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	4,807,691	-	-	-
Public safety	16,740,723	-	-	-
Highways and streets	7,020,660	-	-	596,845
Urban redevelopment and housing	1,599,665	-	-	-
Capital Outlay Debt Service	-	2,012,570	-	1,102,286
Principal		17,500		275,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	_	17,275
Total Expenditures	30,168,739	2,030,070		1,991,406
·				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	2,136,969	(1,773,827)	161,791	1,631,942
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	0.556.056	4 546 544		707 440
Transfers out	2,556,256 (2,258,453)	1,516,514	-	787,412 (610,868)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(2,238,433</u>) <u>297,803</u>	1,516,514		176,544
rotal other rinarioning obditions (0000)	207,000	1,010,014		170,044
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,434,772	(257,313)	161,791	1,808,486
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	12,601,196	7,821,827	5,313,361	4,955,629
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 15,035,968	\$ 7,564,514	\$ 5,475,152	\$ 6,764,115

Motor Fuel Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ - 1,533,932 - 94,328 - 1,628,260	\$ 2,393,431 1,321,740 957,255 1,681,151 158,540 18,857 6,530,974	\$ 6,844,352 11,543,650 15,443,438 8,611,182 1,103,272 960,430 44,506,324
- - - - 288,002	353,910 52,750 1,159,469 2,556,987 678,940	5,161,601 16,793,473 8,776,974 4,156,652 4,081,798
288,002	880,000 51,409 5,733,465	1,172,500 68,684 40,211,682
1,340,258	797,509	4,294,642
- 	491,756 (1,519,427) (1,027,671)	5,351,938 (4,388,748) 963,190
1,340,258	(230,162)	5,257,832
2,456,537	6,478,105	39,626,655
\$ 3,796,795	\$ 6,247,943	\$ 44,884,487

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 5,257,832
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some items reported as capital outlay were not capitalized Depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements Net book value of assets retired Less amounts reported in internal service funds below	4,081,798 (139,737) (4,864,641) (626) 5,142
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Grants receivable Intergovernmental	(85,250) 123,954
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position Principal repaid	1,172,500
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Accrued interest on debt Total other post employment benefit liability Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources due to pensions Deferred outflows of resources due to other post employment benefits Deferred inflows of resources due to pensions Deferred inflows of resources due to other post employment benefits Less amounts reported in internal service funds below	(115,105) (24,546) (782,974) (10,940,937) 3,656,458 1,030,468 4,134,448 (663,804) 144,720
The proportionate share of the change in net position related to joint ventures reported in the statement of activities neither provides nor uses current financial resources and is not reported in the fund financial statements.	1,712
Internal service funds are used by management to charge self insurance costs to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service fund reported with governmental activities.	 174,65 <u>8</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,166,070

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND As of June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	
	Parking	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	1 arking	Oct vice i unus
Current Assets		
	\$ 1,784,155	\$ 719,444
Accounts receivable	15,776	· · · · · · · · -
Inventories	-	122,136
Prepaid items	<u>-</u>	12,042
Total Current Assets	1,799,931	853,622
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets		
Land	3,765,739	_
Construction in progress	674,328	-
Parking improvements	8,124,944	-
Equipment	455,713	265,446
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(6,940,971)	(208,016)
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,079,753	57,430
Total Assets	7,879,684	911,052
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	83,764	353,122
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	733	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	84,497	353,122

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND As of June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental
		Activities -
	Parking	Internal Service Fund
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	7,674	66,422
Accrued salaries and taxes Unearned revenues	2,109 <u>157,810</u>	15,670
Total Current Liabilities	167,593	82,092
Total Guiterit Elabilities	107,000	02,032
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability	138,478	579,739
Total OPEB liability	11,988	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>150,466</u>	579,739
Total Liabilities	318,059	661,831
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	16,374	64,374
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	⁷⁹¹	<u> </u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,165	64,374
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	6,079,753	57,430
Unrestricted net position	1,549,204	480,539
С		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,628,957	<u>\$ 537,969</u>
Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds.	28,312	(28,312)
Net Position Business-type Activities	\$ 7,657,269	
Net internal service funds reported in the statement of net position as governmental activities		\$ 509,657

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental
	Parking	Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Parking meters Parking rentals Charges for services	\$ 1,292,848 236,467	\$ - - 1,875,725
Total Operating Revenues	<u>1,529,315</u>	<u>1,875,725</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Supplies Contractual services Equipment parts Fuel Depreciation Total Operating Expenses Operating Income NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income	201,690 20,793 311,800 - - 205,966 740,249 789,066	1,012,445 44,664 253,769 169,256 204,277 5,142 1,689,553 186,172
Total Nonoperating Revenues	54,762	15,533
Income Before Transfers	843,828	201,705
TRANSFERS Transfers out Total Transfers	(942,620) (942,620)	(20,570) (20,570)
Change in Net Position	(98,792)	181,135
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	7,727,749	356,834
NET POSITION- END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 7,628,957</u>	<u>\$ 537,969</u>
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds	6,477	
Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities	<u>\$ (92,315</u>)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Parking	Å	overnmental Activities - Internal rvice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ	4 500 404	Φ	4 075 705
Received from customers	\$	1,528,181	\$	1,875,725
Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to employees for services		(330,368) (204,480)		(670,675) (857,137)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	_	993,333	_	347,913
Not dasir riows riom operating Activities	_	330,330		547,515
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income		54,762		15,533
Investments purchased		(168,278)		
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	_	(113,516)		15,533
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	_	(942,620) (942,620)	_	(20,570) (20,570)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(48,151)		<u>-</u>
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		(48,151)		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(110,954)		342,876
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		697,109		376,568
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	586,155	\$	719,444

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS	_	Parking	A	vernmental activities - Internal vice Funds
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		_	
Operating income	\$	789,066	\$	186,172
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Depreciation		205,966		5,142
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities		200,000		0,142
Accounts receivable		4,588		-
Inventory		-		(6,169)
Prepaids		-		(12,042)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		(70,081)		(325,452)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		(733)		-
Accounts payable		2,225		19,502
Accrued salaries		167		10,588
Unearned revenue		(5,722)		-
Net pension liability		110,587		524,682
Total OPEB liability		557		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(43,759)		(54,510)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	472		<u>-</u>
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	993,333	\$	347,913
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Cash and investments - statement of net position Less: Investments	\$	1,784,155 <u>(1,198,000</u>)	\$	719,444 <u>-</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	586,155	\$	719,444

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	<u>Pe</u>	nsion Trusts
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	2,513,750
Investments		
Certificates of deposit		2,142,042
Money market funds		224,356
U.S. Government and agency securities		19,777,270
Mutual funds		52,417,548
Domestic common stocks		4,861,630
Corporate bonds		8,333,410
Municipal bonds		315,024
Receivables		
Accrued interest		131,141
Total Assets		90,716,171
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		17,340
Total Liabilities		17,340
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pensions	\$	90,698,831

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ADDITIONS	Pension Trusts
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	ф 4 7 0 г со 4
Employer contributions	\$ 1,795,694
Employee contributions	894,594
Other	120,990
Total Contributions	2,811,278
Investment income	
Interest on investments	3,118,216
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	2,274,387
Investment expense	(268,144)
Total Investment Income	5,124,459
Total Additions	7,935,737
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	5,357,149
Refunds of contributions	71,280
Administrative costs	66,628
Total Deductions	5,495,057
Change in Net Position	2,440,680
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	88,258,151
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 90,698,831

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Urbana, Illinois (the City) was incorporated in 1855. The City is a home-rule municipality, under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, located in Champaign County, Illinois. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire protection), highways and streets, public improvements, planning and zoning, urban housing and redevelopment, and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides public parking services as an enterprise activity and participates in a joint venture association that oversees landfill post-closure operations.

The accounting policies of the City of Urbana, Illinois conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Pension Trust Funds

The Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS) is established for the City's police employees. PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership, and two police employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The City and the PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many characteristics of a legally separate government, PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's police employees and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund and the data for the component unit is included in the government's fiduciary fund financial statements. Complete financial statements for the PPERS may be obtained from the City's finance department.

The Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS) is established for the City's firefighters. FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one pension beneficiary is elected by the membership, and two fire employees are elected by the membership. The City and the FPERS participants are obligated to fund all FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's firefighters because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund and the data for the component unit is included in the government's fiduciary fund financial statements. Complete financial statements for the FPERS may be obtained from the City's finance department.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Urbana Free Library

The government-wide financial statements include the Urbana Free Library (Library) as a component unit. The Library is a legally separate organization. The board of the Library is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The economic resources received and held by the Library are entirely for the direct benefit of the residents of the City of Urbana and statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the Library. See Note III.G. As a component unit, the Library's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Separately issued financial statements of the Urbana Free Library may be obtained from the Library's office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.
- Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Fund accounts for the fees, grants, and transfers used to pay for the replacement of public safety vehicles and equipment.
- General Reserve Fund accounts for funds held related to the ongoing dispute about hospital property taxes.
- Capital Improvement and Replacement Fund accounts for the payments of capital improvements that do not have a designated revenue sources, or for improvements for which the designated funding source is not adequate.
- Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for the receipts of state-shared motor fuel tax revenue, which is used to pay for eligible transportation improvements.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Parking Fund - accounts for operations of the City's parking lots and garages.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Police Special Farmer's Market

Community Development Special Community Development Grants

TIF #2 TIF #4

Central TIF Post TIF Closure
Recycling Cable TV PEG
Arms Programming

Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Sanitary Sewer

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Services Information Technology

Pension Trust Funds - used to account for and report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans.

Firefighters' Pension Police Pension

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. However for intergovernmental taxes, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period due to the historic lag in payments from the State. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Motor Vehicle Parking System are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Illinois Statutes authorize the City to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds Investment Pool.

Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, and the Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds meeting certain requirements, equity securities, and corporate bonds meeting certain requirements. Pension funds with net assets in excess of \$10,000,000 and an appointed investment advisor may invest an additional portion of its assets in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds, that meet certain requirements. The police pension fund's investment policy allows investments in all of the above listed accounts, but does exclude any repurchase agreements. The firefighters' pension fund allows funds to be invested in any type of security authorized by the Illinois Pension Code.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk

The City's and Pensions' investment policies seek to minimize exposure to declines in fair values as follows:

City - The portfolio is structured such that securities mature to meet cash requirements, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Firefighters' Pension Fund and Police Pension Fund - The investment policies establish a goal that the fixed income portion be structured such that maturity dates are staggered so as to avoid an undue concentration of assets in a given time period. The policy also requires diversification of the portfolio so that the impact of a potential drop in interest rates in a particular type of security will be minimized, setting desired minimum and maximum levels for each category of investment.

Credit Risk

The City investment policy only allows investments to be in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, savings accounts, money market mutual funds regulated by the SEC whose portfolios consist only of dollar-denominated securities, bankers acceptances, and local government investment pools (such as Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust Fund). The Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds are also authorized to invest in general and separate accounts of approved life insurance companies (up to a maximum of 10% of the fund's net position), corporate bonds, mutual funds, domestic corporate common stock (up to a maximum of 55% of the fund's net position or 45% if the fund is invested in 10% of general and separate accounts of approved life insurance companies), and money market mutual funds which are backed by U.S. government securities and agencies.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's and Pensions' investment policies require diversification of the investment portfolio to minimize risk of loss resulting from over-concentration in a particular type of security, risk factor, issuer, or maturity. The City operates its investments as an internal investment pool where each fund reports its pro rata share of the investments made by the City.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The City's and Pensions' investment policies limit the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured with collateralization pledged by the applicable financial institution equal to at least 100% of the value of the deposit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The City's and Pensions' investment policies require all securities to be insured, registered, or held by the City's or Pensions' agent in the City's or Pensions' name.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold.

Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. Investments in IMET's 1 - 3 Year Fund may be redeemed with 5 business days' notice.

See Note III. A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes for levy year 2018 attaches as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2018, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December following the lien date (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). The 2019 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1, 2019, has not been recorded as a receivable as of June 30, 2019, as the tax has not yet been levied by the City and will not be levied until December 2019, and therefore, the levy is not measurable at June 30, 2019.

Tax bills for levy year 2018 are prepared by the Champaign County Clerk and issued on or about May 1, 2019 and August 1, 2019, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2019 and September 1, 2019 or within 30 days of the tax bills being issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

2. Receivables (cont.)

The county collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2018 property tax levy is recognized as a receivable and deferred inflows of resources in fiscal 2019, net the allowance for uncollectible. As the taxes become available to finance current expenditures, they are recognized as revenues. At June 30, 2019, the property taxes receivable and related deferred inflows of resources consisted of the estimated amount collectible from the 2018 levy.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost based on the FIFO method using the consumption method of accounting. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on FIFO, and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as land, infrastructure, buildings, and improvements with an initial cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 10 years and equipment with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 2 years. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government-Wide Statements (cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	75	Years
Building Improvements	20-30	Years
Vehicles	3-20	Years
Office Equipment	10	Years
Other Equipment	5	Years
Infrastructure	15-50	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

7. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation pay and sick leave in various amounts. Sick leave and vacation benefits may be accumulated; however, upon death or retirement, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In prior years, the General Fund has been used to liquidate the accumulated absences for governmental funds. There were no accumulated amounts for the proprietary funds at June 30, 2019.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at June 30, 2019, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

8. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of bonds payable, loans payable, accrued compensated absences, total other post-employment benefit liability, landfill post-closure monitoring liabilities and net pension liabilities.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debt is reported as an other financing source and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

10. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance) of the City Council. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. The City has adopted a financial policy authorizing the Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and, lastly, unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of \$3 million. The balance at year end was \$13,498,668.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess Expenditures Over Budget

Fund	Budgeted penditures	E	Actual openditures	Exp	Excess enditures Over Budget
Motor Fuel Tax Parking Information Technology	\$ 88,713 732,554 826,921	\$	288,002 740,249 895,537	\$	199,289 7,695 68,616

The City controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded budget. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

B. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of June 30, 2019, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount
	 _
Community Development Grants	\$ (212,162)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value	_	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits	\$	8,385,582	\$	8,935,320	Custodial credit risk - deposits
Non-negotiable certificates of deposit		14,695,592		14,713,472	Custodial credit risk - deposits
Money market mutual funds - bond funds		224,356		224,356	Credit risk, interest rate
Mutual funds - other than bonds		52,417,548		52,417,548	N/A
Illinois Funds		7,375,144		7,373,756	Credit risk
IMET (Convenience Fund)		523,141		523,141	Credit risk
IMET (1-3 Year Fund)		5,703,027		5,703,027	Credit risk, interest rate risk
U.S. Treasury obligations		12,706,305		12,706,405	Interest rate risk, custodial credit risk - investments
U.S. Agency obligations (implicitly guaranteed)		16,289,213		16,289,213	Credit risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk - investments
U.S. Agency obligations (explicitly guaranteed)		925,233		925,233	Interest rate risk, custodial credit risk - investments
Municipal bonds		315,024		315,024	Credit risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk - investments
Corporate bonds		8,333,410		8,333,410	Credit risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk - investments
Corporate stock		4,861,630		4,861,630	Concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk - investments
Cash on hand	_	3,032	_		N/A
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$1</u>	32,758,237	<u>\$</u>	133,321,535	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Reconciliation to financial statements

Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments Per statement of net position - fiduciary funds	\$ 42,173,207
Cash	2,513,750
Certificates of deposit	2,142,042
Money market funds	224,356
U.S. Government and agency securities	19,777,270
Mutual funds	52,417,548
Domestic common stocks	4,861,630
Corporate bonds	8,333,410
Municipal bonds	315,024

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

\$132,758,237

Custodial Credit Risk

Total Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

As of June 30, 2019, \$925,167 of the City's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Credit Risk (cont.)

As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments were rated as follows:

	Moody's
	Investors
Investment Type	Services
Illinois Funds	Aaa
IMET (Convenience Fund)	Not Rated
IMET (1-3 Year Fund)	Aaa-bf
U.S. Agency obligations (implicitly	
guaranteed)	Aaa

As of June 30, 2019, the Police Pension Fund's investments were rated as follows:

	Moody's
	Investors
Investment Type	Services
U.S. Agency obligations (implicitly	
guaranteed)	Aaa
Municipal bonds	Aa3-Aaa
Corporate bonds	Baa3-Aaa

As of June 30, 2019, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Moody's Investors Services
U.S. Agency obligations (implicitly	
guaranteed)	Aaa
Municipal bonds	A2
Corporate bonds	Baa3-A1
Money market mutual funds	Aaa-mf

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk (cont.)

At June 30, 2019, the City's and Pensions' investment portfolios were concentrated as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Percentage of Portfolio		
<u>City:</u>				
Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Federal Home Loan Banks	U.S. Agency obligation (implicitly guaranteed) U.S. Agency obligation (implicitly guaranteed) U.S. Agency obligation (implicitly guaranteed)	20.08% 13.69% 12.80%		
Firefighters' Pension Fund:				
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Agency obligation (implicitly guaranteed)	6.00%		

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments were as follows:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Greater than 10
IMET (1-3 Year Fund) U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency obligations	\$ 5,703,027 298,851 9,844,630	\$ - 298,851 4,026,168	\$ 5,703,027 - 4,123,977	\$ - - 1,547,753	\$ - - 146,732
Totals	<u>\$ 15,846,508</u>	\$ 4,325,019	\$ 9,827,004	<u>\$ 1,547,753</u>	<u>\$ 146,732</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

Police Pension Fund

		Maturity (In Years)								
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Greater than 10					
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency obligations Corporate bonds	\$ 8,468,859 1,443,507 4,192,974	\$ 1,643,882 1,234,706 49,997	\$ 2,947,963 202,954 3,531,191	\$ 3,877,014 1,264 611,786	\$ - 4,583 -					
Totals	<u>\$ 14,105,340</u>	\$ 2,928,585	\$ 6,682,108	\$ 4,490,064	\$ 4,583					
Fina final de mal De meire										

Firefighters' Pension Fund

			Maturity (In Years)						
Investment Type	 Fair Value	_ <u>L</u>	ess than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10	Gr	eater than 10
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency obligations Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Money market mutual funds	\$ 3,938,595 5,926,309 315,024 4,140,436 224,356	\$	564,917 1,588,609 - 498,035 224,356	\$	3,008,989 2,010,968 315,024 2,090,830	\$	364,689 2,326,732 - 1,551,571	\$	- - - -
Totals	\$ 14,544,720	\$	2,875,917	\$	7,425,811	\$	4,242,992	\$	<u>-</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments are measured using the market valuation method and valuation inputs as follows:

Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency obligations Illinois Funds	\$ - - 7,375,144	\$ 298,851 9,844,630 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ - - -	\$ 298,851 9,844,630 7,375,144
Totals	\$ 7,375,144	\$ 10,143,481	\$ -	<u>\$ 17,518,625</u>
Police Pension Fund				
Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency obligations Corporate stock Corporate bonds Mutual funds - other than bonds Totals	\$ - 4,861,630 - 19,005,238 \$ 23,866,868	\$ 8,468,859 1,443,507 - 4,192,974 - \$ 14,105,340	\$ - - - - - - \$ -	\$ 8,468,859 1,443,507 4,861,630 4,192,974 19,005,238 \$ 37,972,208
Firefighters' Pension Fund				
Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency obligations Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Mutual funds - other than bonds Money market mutual funds - bond funds	\$ - - - 33,412,310	\$ 3,938,595 5,926,309 4,140,436 315,024 - 224,356	\$ - - - - -	\$ 3,938,595 5,926,309 4,140,436 315,024 33,412,310 224,356
Totals	\$ 33,412,310	\$ 14,544,720	\$ -	\$ 47,957,030

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned	Unavailable	
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year License fees Grants Stormwater fees Intergovernmental	\$ 2,840,058 402,808 - 230,568 73,130	\$ - 570,750 - 123,954	
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 3,546,564	\$ 694,704	
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$ 706,506 2,840,058		
Total Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 3,546,564		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 7,867,289	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,867,289
Construction in progress	12,016,720	1,637,920	1,053,826	12,600,814
Total Capital Assets Not Being	19,884,009	1,637,920	1,053,826	20,468,103
Depreciated	19,004,009	1,037,920	1,055,620	20,400,103
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	9,898,018	173,431	-	10,071,449
Infrastructure	120,284,384	1,343,485	-	121,627,869
Equipment	13,900,628	<u>1,841,051</u>	207,729	<u> 15,533,950</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	144,083,030	3,357,967	207,729	147,233,268
·				
Total Capital Assets	163,967,039	4,995,887	<u>1,261,555</u>	<u>167,701,371</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	\$ (4,587,841)	\$ (221,041)	\$ -	\$ (4,808,882)
Infrastructure	(50,247,381)	(3,861,189)	_	(54,108,570)
Equipment	(10,244,167)	(782,411)	207,103	(10,819,475)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(65,079,389)	(4,864,641)	207,103	(69,736,927)
Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	79,003,641	8,222,608	626	77,496,341
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation	\$ 98,887,650	\$ 9,860,528	\$ 1,054,452	<u>\$ 97,964,444</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmenta	I Activities
-------------	--------------

Public safety	\$	1,974,589
Highways and streets		2,090,083
General government		711,761
Urban redevelopment and housing	_	88,208
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	4,864,641

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

	Beginning Balance	_Additions_	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land Construction in progress	\$ 3,765,739 674,328	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 3,765,739 674,328
Total Capital Assets Not Being depreciated	4,440,067			4,440,067
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements	8,119,112	5,832	-	8,124,944
Equipment Total Capital Assets Being	413,394 8,532,506	42,319	-	455,713
Depreciated Total Capital Assets	12,972,573	48,151 48,151		8,580,657 13,020,724
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,394,302) (340,703) (6,735,005)	(186,217) (19,749) (205,966)		(6,580,519) (360,452) (6,940,971)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 1,797,501	\$ (157,81 <u>5</u>)	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 1,639,686
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 6,237,568</u>	<u>\$ (157,815</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,079,753</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	279,043	
Total - Fund Financial Staten	nents		279,043	
Add: Interfund receivables created with internal service fund eliminations			28,312	
Less: Government-wide eliminations			(279,043)	
Total Internal Balances - 0	Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	<u>\$</u>	28,312	

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is to temporarily support expenditures reported in multiple funds with resources from one fund. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the statement of net position, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES (cont.)

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount
General	Capital Improvement and Replacement	_ <u>\$</u>	573,389
General	Nonmajor Governmental		1,029,905
General	Parking		942,620
General	Internal Service		10,342
Vehicle and Equipment Replacement	General		1,440,757
Vehicle and Equipment Replacement	Capital Improvement and Replacement		37,479
Vehicle and Equipment Replacement	Nonmajor Governmental		28,050
Vehicle and Equipment Replacement	Internal Service		10,228
Capital Improvement and Replacement	General		787,412
Nonmajor Governmental	General		30,284
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	_	461,47 <u>2</u>
Total - Fund Financial Statements			5,351,938
Less: Fund eliminations		_	(4,409,318)
Total Transfers - Government-Wide	Statement of Activities	\$	942,620

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the statement of activities, interfund transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		0 0			Decreases		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Yea	
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable											
General obligation debt Loans payable Sub-totals	\$	5,305,000 315,000 5,620,000	\$	- - -	\$	1,155,000 17,500 1,172,500	\$	4,150,000 297,500 4,447,500	\$	1,165,000 17,500 1,182,500	
Other Liabilities Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net pension liability - IMRF Net pension liability - Police Net pension liability - Fire Total Other Liabilities	_	1,852,878 3,589,076 2,103,707 20,613,475 8,605,742 36,764,878	_	2,377,776 854,539 9,733,717 3,005,331 1,213,381 17,184,744	_	2,262,671 71,565 1,215,798 1,035,976 759,718 5,345,728	_	1,967,983 4,372,050 10,621,626 22,582,830 9,059,405 48,603,894	_	1,967,983 - - - - - 1,967,983	
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	42,384,878	\$	17,184,744	\$	6,518,228	\$	53,051,394	\$	3,150,483	
Business-type Activities											
Other Liabilities Total OPEB liability Net pension liability - IMRF Total Other Liabilities	\$	11,431 27,891 39,322	\$	608 127,117 127,725	\$	51 16,530 16,581	\$	11,988 138,478 150,466	\$	- - -	
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	39,322	\$	127,725	\$	16,581	\$	150,466	\$	<u>-</u>	

Compensated absences, total OPEB liability, and portions of the net pension liability, related to the Police and Firefighters' pensions, are paid out of the General Fund. The portion of net pension liability related to IMRF will be paid out of the applicable fund in which the City pays for the employees' salaries.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates	<u>In</u>	Original idebtedness	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019
Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014 General	December 20, 2012	January 1, 2022 January 1,	1.43%	\$	7,800,000	\$	2,715,000
Obligation Bonds	July 1, 2014	2024	1.92%		2,800,000		1,435,000
Total Governmental A	Activities - Gene	ral Obligation D)ebt			\$	4,150,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmer General Ob	
<u>Years</u>	Principal	 Interest
2020	\$ 1,165,000	\$ 69,662
2021	1,185,000	52,260
2022	1,205,000	33,858
2023	295,000	14,432
2024	 300,000	 7,500
Totals	\$ 4,150,000	\$ 177,712

Loans Payable

The City entered into a loan arrangement on November 16, 2015 to purchase a fire truck. Loan payments are made out of the Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Fund.

Loans Payable at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Governmental Activities	Date of	Final	Interest	Original		Balance
Loans Payable	Issue	Maturity	Rates	lebtedness	-	e 30, 2019
Fire truck revolving loan payable	November 16, 2015	November 1, 2035	0%	\$ 350,000	\$	297,500
Total Governmental Acti	vities Loans P	ayable			\$	297,500

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities Loans Payable						
<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest				
2020	\$ 17,500	\$		-			
2021	17,500			-			
2022	17,500			-			
2023	17,500			-			
2024	17,500			-			
2025-2029	87,500			-			
2030-2034	87,500			-			
2035-2036	35,000						
Totals	\$ 297,500	\$		<u>=</u>			

Conduit Debt

The following bonds, which are not included in the financial statements of the City, bear the City's name. These bonds are special limited obligations of nongovernmental entities. The bonds are not general obligations of the City and the City is not liable for the repayment of the bonds.

On December 30, 2015, the City issued \$10,000,000 in promissory notes for Clark-Lindsey Village, Inc. to support renovation and new construction for improving and extending the retirement facilities. Repayment of the notes are the responsibility of Clark-Lindsey Village, Inc. At the end of the fiscal year, \$9,599,158 of the note was outstanding. These notes are in addition to a similar loan issued by the City on May 20, 2004 to Clark-Lindsey Village of which there was an outstanding balance of \$2,573,733 as of the fiscal year-end.

On May 1, 2009, The City issued \$4,377,000 in promissory notes for Cunningham Children's Home, Inc. to refinance the Residential Treatment Center capital project. Repayment of the notes are the responsibility of the Cunningham Children's Home, Inc. At the end of the fiscal year, \$3,347,699 of the note was outstanding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. NET POSITION

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at June 30, 2019, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets Land Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less: Long-term debt outstanding	\$ 7,867,289 12,600,814 77,496,341 (4,447,500)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 93,516,944
Business-type Activities	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Land	\$ 3,765,739
Construction in progress	674,328
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 1,639,686
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 6,079,753

G. COMPONENT UNIT

URBANA FREE LIBRARY

This report contains the Urbana Free Library (Library), which is included as a component unit.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The Library follows the full accrual basis of accounting and the flow of financial resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. COMPONENT UNIT (cont.)

URBANA FREE LIBRARY (cont.)

b. Deposits and Investments

S. Doposito and invocations	Carrying Value	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits - Library Deposits - Foundation	\$ 1,681,352 247,012	247,012	Custodial credit risk - deposits Custodial credit risk - deposits
Illinois Funds Petty cash	177,171 742	177,171 -	Credit risk N/A
Webber Property Cash Account	11,871	11,871	
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$ 2,118,148</u>	\$ 2,245,642	

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to the Library.

The Library does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Library does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of June 30, 2019, the Library's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors
Illinois Funds	AAAm

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. COMPONENT UNIT (cont.)

URBANA FREE LIBRARY (cont.)

c. Capital Assets

	_	Beginning Balance	 Additions		Deletions	_	Ending Balance	Useful Lives (Years)
Land Buildings and	\$	594,362	\$ -	\$	-	\$	594,362	N/A
improvements Equipment		10,617,704 669,116	233,288		-		10,850,992 669,116	75 5 - 25
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	(3,025,731)	 (207,800)	_			(3,233,531)	
Totals	\$	8,855,451	\$ 25,488	\$		\$	8,880,939	

d. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

		eginning Balance Increases			De	ecreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences Total OPEB liability	\$	161,942 62,793	\$	- 111,957	\$	15,827 2,809	\$ 146,115 171,941	\$	146,115 <u>-</u>
Totals	<u>\$</u>	224,735	\$	111,957	\$	18,636	\$ 318,056	\$	146,115

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefits levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for the plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan and the Firefighters' Pension Plan issue separate reports on the pension plans. IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan description. All employees (other than those covered by the Police and Firefighters' Pension plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF has a two tier plan. Members who first participated in IMRF or an Illinois Reciprocal System prior to January 1, 2011 participate in Tier 1. All other members participate in Tier 2. For Tier 1 participants, pension benefits vest after 8 years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of their final rate of earnings (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) for credited service up to 15 years and 3% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 participants, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of their final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of 3% of the original pension amount or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan membership. At December 31, 2018, the measurement date, membership in the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries	201
Inactive, non-retired members	124
Active members	170
Total	<u>495</u>

Contributions. As set by statute, City employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the City to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's actuarially determined contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 11.51% of annual covered payroll for IMRF. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of IMRF and additions to/deductions from IMRF fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for IMRF was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of December 31, 2018 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions Investment Rate of Return Salary increases Entry Age Normal Market Value

7.25% 3.39% to 14.25%, including inflation 2.50%

Price inflation

Mortality. For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using an asset allocation study in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce long-term expected rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Projected Re	eturns/Risks
	Target	One Year	Ten Year
Asset Class	Allocation	Arithmetic	Geometric
Equities	37.00%	8.50%	7.15%
International equities	18.00%	9.20%	7.25%
Fixed income	28.00%	3.75%	3.75%
Real estate	9.00%	7.30%	6.25%
Alternatives	7.00%		
Private equity		12.40%	8.50%
Hedge funds		5.75%	5.50%
Commodities		4.75%	3.20%
Cash equivalents	1.00%	2.50%	2.50%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for IMRF was 7.25%. The discount rate calculated using the December 31, 2017 measurement date was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate sensitivity. The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents net pension liability/(asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease			Current iscount Rate	1% Increase
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net pension Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ \$	75,712,971 56,877,609 18,835,362	\$	67,637,713 56,877,609 10,760,104	\$ 61,018,805 56,877,609 4,141,196

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Changes in net pension liability/(asset). The changes in net pension liability/(asset) for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Т	otal Pension	Р	lan Fiduciary		Net Pension		
		Liability	1	Net Position	L	iability/(Asset)		
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
	_		_		_			
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$	62,645,518	\$	60,513,920	\$	2,131,598		
Service cost		1,015,914		-		1,015,914		
Interest on total pension liability		4,613,194		-		4,613,194		
Differences between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability		881,107		-		881,107		
Change of assumptions		1,770,413		-		1,770,413		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,288,433)		(3,288,433)		-		
Contributions - employer		-		1,231,583		(1,231,583)		
Contributions - employee		-		496,327		(496,327)		
Net investment income		-		(3,391,366)		3,391,366		
Other (net transfer)		<u> </u>		1,315,578		(1,315,578)		
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$	67,637,713	\$	56,877,609	\$	10,760,104		

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,085,259. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 742,943 1,341,537	\$	79,363 1,039,955
plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 3,859,066 706,656		- -
Total	\$ 6,650,202	\$	1,119,318

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

The amount reported as deferred outflows resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the above table will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability/(asset) for the year ending June 30, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (\$4,824,228) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2019	\$ 1,428,418
2020 2021	755,418 1,003,555
2022	1,636,837
Total	<u>\$ 4,824,228</u>

Police Pension

Plan description. Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

As provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to employees grouped into two tiers. Tier 1 is for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 and Tier 2 is for employees hired after that date. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

Tier 1 - Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one half of the salary attached to the rank on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 - Covered employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly pension of 2.5% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service. The salary is initially capped at \$106,800 but increases annually thereafter and is limited to 75% of final average salary. Employees with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer shall be increased annually on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60 or the first anniversary of the pension start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or onehalf the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI, whichever is less.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension (cont.)

Plan membership. At July 1, 2018, the actuarial valuation date, the Police Pension membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	52
Inactive, non-retired members	5
Active members	60
Total	117

Contributions. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011 the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% funded by the year 2040. The City's actuarially determined contribution rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was 29.20% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The financial statements of the Police Pension Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximated fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension (cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions	
Interest rate	7.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	2.50 - 4.25%
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as appropriate.

Long-term expected real rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on the Police Pension Plan's investments was determined using a building block method. The best estimate for future real rates of return are developed for each of the major asset classes. Future real rates of return are weighted based on the target allocation within the Plan investment policy. Expectation inflation is added back in. Adjustment is made to reflect geometric returns. Best estimated or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Asset Class	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	55%	6.0%
Fixed income	43%	2.7%
Cash	2%	-%

Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) limit the Plan's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension (cont.)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Police Pension Plan was 7.00%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate sensitivity. The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		D	iscount Rate	1% Increase	
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	71,880,425 40,274,853	\$	62,857,683 40,274,853	\$	55,552,121 40,274,853
Net pension liability	\$	31,605,572	\$	22,582,830	\$	15,277,268

Changes in net pension liability/(asset). The City's changes in net pension liability/(asset) for the calendar year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		-	Net Pension ability/Asset (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	59,881,095	\$	39,267,620	\$	20,613,475
Service cost		1,182,091		-		1,182,091
Interest on total pension liability		4,093,197		-		4,093,197
Differences between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		515,012		-		515,012
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(2,813,712)		(2,813,712)		-
Contributions - employer		-		1,035,976		(1,035,976)
Contributions - employee		-		474,021		(474,021)
Contributions - other		-		120,990		(120,990)
Net investment income		-		2,227,519		(2,227,519)
Administration				(37,561)		37,561
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	62,857,683	\$	40,274,853	\$	22,582,830

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension (cont.)

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,117,258. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 3,385,129 645,887	\$	1,335,167 359,909
plan investments	279,987	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 4,311,003	\$	1,695,076

The amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (\$2,615,927) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2020	\$ 527,591
2021	219,441
2022	750,954
2023	763,357
2024	243,252
Thereafter	111,332
Total	<u>\$ 2,615,927</u>

Firefighters' Pension

Plan description. Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

As provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to employees grouped into two tiers. Tier 1 is for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 and Tier 2 is for employees hired after that date. The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

Tier 1 - Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 - Covered employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly pension of 2.5% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service. The salary is initially capped at \$106,800 but increases annually thereafter and is limited to 75% of final average salary. Employees with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter shall be increased annually on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60 or the first anniversary of the pension start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI, whichever is less.

Plan membership. At July 1, 2018, the actuarial valuation date, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	52
Inactive, non-retired members	4
Active members	56
Total	112

Contributions. Participants contribute a fixed percentage of their base salary to the plans. At June 30, 2019, the contribution percentage was 9.455%. If a participant leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated participant contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011 the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is 90% funded by the year 2040. The City's actuarially determined contribution rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was 19.76% of annual covered payroll.

Net pension liability/(asset). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

Summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements of the Firefighters' Pension Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximated fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions	
Interest rate	7.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	4.25 - 7.19%
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as appropriate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

Long-term expected real rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on the Firefighters' Pension Plan's investments was determined using a building block method. The best estimate for future real rates of return are developed for each of the major asset classes. Future real rates of return are weighted based on the target allocation within the Plan investment policy. Expectation inflation is added back in. Adjustment is made to reflect geometric returns. Best estimated or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Asset Class	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Government and Agency securities	15%	2.4%
Certificates of deposit	10%	1.6%
Municipal bonds	5%	0.5%
Corporate bonds	5%	5.1%
Equity	65%	5.2%

Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) limit the Plan's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Firefighters' Pension Plan was 7.00%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate sensitivity. The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current _1% Decrease _ Discount Rate _ 1% Incre			1% Increase		
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	67,982,113 50,423,978	\$	59,483,383 50,423,978	\$	52,552,336 50,423,978
Net pension liability	\$	17,558,135	\$	9,059,405	\$	2,128,358

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

Changes in net pension liability/(asset). The City's changes in net pension liability/(asset) for the calendar year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		-	let Pension ability/Asset (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	57,596,273	\$	48,990,531	\$	8,605,742
Service cost		1,130,620		-		1,130,620
Interest on total pension liability		3,940,224		-		3,940,224
Differences between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(569,017)		-		(569,017)
contributions		(2,614,717)		(2,614,717)		_
Contributions - employer		-		759,718		(759,718)
Contributions - employee		-		420,573		(420,573)
Net investment income		-		2,896,940		(2,896,940)
Administration				(29,067)		29,067
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	59,483,383	\$	50,423,978	\$	9,059,405

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,108,770. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	F	Deferred Inflows of Resources5
Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 1,130,615 1,028,018	\$	718,423 -
plan investments			593,375
Total	\$ 2,158,633	\$	1,311,798

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (\$846,835) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2020	\$ 498,253
2021	(24,181)
2022	218,800
2023	322,744
2024	(76,596)
Thereafter	(92,185)
Total	<u>\$ 846,835</u>

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; and health care of its employees. However, other risks, such as workers compensation and general liability are accounted for and financed by the City in the General Fund.

Self Insurance

For workers compensation claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$600,000 per incident for EMTs, firefighters, and police officers and \$500,000 per incident for all other employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

All funds of the City participate in the risk management program. Charges for premiums and claims are paid from the General Fund.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Self Insurance (cont.)

Claims Liability

	<u> </u>	rior Year	<u>C</u> ı	urrent Year
Unpaid claims - Beginning of Year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	209,344 645,652 (355,274)	\$	499,722 688,110 (480,627)
Unpaid Claims - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	499,722	\$	707,205

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

D. JOINT VENTURES

Champaign-Urbana Waste Disposal System

The City of Urbana and the City of Champaign have entered into a joint venture, which is called the Champaign-Urbana Waste Disposal System (system) and oversees the post-closure operations of a local sanitary landfill.

The governing body is made up of the Mayor of Urbana and the City Manager of Champaign, each with equal voting rights in respect to the system's operations. The annual budget is approved by both City Councils. The City made \$19,494 in payments to the system in fiscal year 2019. The City believes that the system's future revenues will approximate future expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. JOINT VENTURES (cont.)

Champaign-Urbana Waste Disposal System (cont.)

The City accounts for its share of the operation in the General Fund. The City has an equity interest in the organization equal to its percentage share of participation of the population of the cities on the date the joint venture was established. The City of Urbana owns 38.2% of the net worth of the joint venture. The equity interest relative to financial assets is reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Changes in the equity interest are reported on the statement of activities.

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City and Library provide postemployment health insurance benefits for retired employees through a cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the City.

Plan description. The City and Library's cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan, the Retiree Health Insurance Plan, provides group health insurance plan coverage to active employees and retirees (or other qualified terminated employees) at blended premium rates. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75.

Contributions and benefits provided. The City and Library provide continued health insurance coverage at the active employee rate to all eligible employees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an OPEB for retirees, commonly referred to as an implicity rate subsidy. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the City or Library's retirement plans. For City and Library employees, upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree is no longer eligible to participate in the plan. Retired employees are required to pay 100% of the premiums for such coverage.

Total OPEB Liability. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability of \$4,384,038 and the Library reported a liability for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability of \$171,941. The total liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The proportions of the total OPEB liability were based on the share of OPEB cost between the City and Library, as determined by the independent actuary, for the measurement year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the City and Library's proportions were 96.23% and 3.77%, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

30% participation with 50% electing spouse

Health care participation rate coverage

Initial rate of 8.00%, grading down to the ultimate

Healthcare cost trend rates trend rate of 4.00% in 2075

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 100%

The discount rate was based on the June 28, 2019 Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index, as published by the Federal Reserve.

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010 mortality projected 5 years past the valuation date using Scale MP-2018 (Employee, Healthy Retiree, & Survivor) for General/Library Employees & the PubS-2010 mortality projected 5 years past the valuation date using scale MP-2018 (Active Lives, Healthy Retiree, Survivor, & Disabled) for Public Safety Employees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the independent actuary.

Discount Rate. At June 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was a blended rate of 2.79%, which was a change from the June 30, 2018 rate of 3.87%. Since the plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, the discount rate is based on the 20-year general obligation bond index.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	3,663,300
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and		386,933 126,229
actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	_	(751,658) 1,205,600 (74,425)
Net changes		892,679
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	4,555,979
Total OPEB liability - City proportion Total OPEB liability - Library proportion	\$	4,384,038 171,941

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.87% for the reporting period ended June 30, 2018, to 2.79% for the reporting period ended June 30, 2019. Other changes reflected include updated annual per capita claims costs developed based on current ageadjusted premiums; updated premium rates; updated health care trend rates; updated IMRF disability, termination, retirement, and salary increase assumptions; updated PSEBA disability rate assumption; and updated mortality rates.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and Library, as well as what the City and Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.79 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.79 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.79%)		Di	scount Rate (2.79%)	1% Increase (3.79%)		
Total OPEB liability - City Total OPEB liability - Library	\$	4,929,243 193,324	\$	4,384,038 171,941	\$	3,919,735 153,731	
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,122,567	\$	4,555,979	\$	4,073,466	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City and Library, as well as what the City and Library's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7.00 percent decreasing to 3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	% Decrease (7.00% ecreasing to 3.00%)	Т	althcare Cost rend Rates (8.00% ecreasing to 4.00%)	% Increase (9.00% ecreasing to 5.00%)
Total OPEB liability - City Total OPEB liability - Library	\$ 3,714,296 145,674	\$	4,384,038 171,941	\$ 5,236,128 205,360
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,859,970	\$	4,555,979	\$ 5,441,488

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City and Library recognized OPEB expense of \$554,779 (\$533,842 for the City and \$20,937 for the Library). At June 30, 2019, the City and the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ - 1,071,644_	\$ 668,140 126,567
Total	\$ 1,071,644	\$ 794,707
City proportion Library proportion	\$ 1,031,201 \$ 40,443	\$ 764,715 \$ 29,992

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		City			Total		
2020	\$	33,311	\$	1,306	\$	34,617	
2021		33,311		1,306		34,617	
2022		33,311		1,306		34,617	
2023		33,311		1,306		34,617	
2024		33,311		1,306		34,617	
Thereafter		99,931		3,921		103,852	
Total	<u>\$</u>	266,486	\$	10,451	\$	276,937	

F. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

The City of Urbana has established several Tax Increment Redevelopment Project Areas (RPA's) to encourage redevelopment of certain sites for more market oriented commercial uses of the properties that will enhance their value and improve their contributions to the City and its surrounding areas. As part of the redevelopment plans, the City has made significant improvements to utilities, public parking, intersections, and traffic signalization, streets and landscaping. The redevelopment plans also include site preparation, land acquisition and assembly, and demolition/clearance.

Construction and development in the RPA's were the responsibility of developers and are substantially complete. To entice development of the areas, the City created tax increment financing (TIF) districts to finance public improvements made within the RPA's.

Several funds have been established to record the revenues generated in the RPA's that relate directly to servicing the debt issued to make public improvements in the RPA's.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

G. TAX ABATEMENT

Tax abatements are a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City is disclosing all abatement agreements individually.

The City through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts has entered into tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the individual development agreements which are approved by City Council. The developers pay property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreements, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid.

Agreement Description	Calculation Method	Developer Commitment	2019 Payments
Archorent (Creative Thermal)	70% of property taxes due to incremental value; 10 years or until maximum of \$1,400,000	Owners must pay property taxes to the County before receiving the rebates	\$ 82,288
Five Points NW	80% of property taxes due to incremental value for retail and 50% for non-retail; ends at end of CY 2022	Owners must pay property taxes to the County before receiving the rebates	148,151
Interchange Properties, LLC (O'Brien)	36% of property taxes due to incremental value; 15 years	Owners must pay property taxes to the County before receiving the rebates	99,972
Central Illinois Soccer Enterprises, LLC	70% of property taxes due to incremental value; 10 years or until maximum of \$300,000	Owners must pay property taxes to the County before receiving the rebates	19,998
Baku Patel	50% of property taxes due to incremental value; 10 years or until maximum of \$75,000	Owners must pay property taxes to the County before receiving the rebates	6,369

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

G. TAX ABATEMENT (cont.)

The City has entered into property tax abatement agreements with developers and homeowners to stimulate economic development. The developers or homeowners pay property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreements, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City paid \$496,572 in payments to properties within either the City's enterprise zone residential or enterprise zone commercial areas. These properties also received \$65,130 in township tax abatements.

H. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	4,387,958	\$	4,386,115	\$	4,450,921
Local sales and use taxes		5,456,600	•	5,638,000	•	5,570,906
Utility taxes		3,090,000		3,138,000		3,114,001
Telecommunication taxes		692,000		620,000		584,702
Hotel/motel taxes		935,000		935,000		952,301
State income tax		3,952,000		4,050,000		4,298,362
Personal property replacement tax		255,860		264,815		268,049
State sales and use taxes		6,212,300		6,490,000		6,652,735
Other intergovernmental		426,739		373,739		376,354
Fed law - operating		-		-		1,983
State aid - law enforcement improvement		1,000		2,000		1,000
State aid - culture, recreation and education		5,700		5,700		11,000
Miscellaneous revenues		285,765		454,765		384,248
Licenses, fines, and service charges		4,877,047		5,344,541		5,357,387
Interest on investments		170,000		<u> 165,000</u>		<u> 281,759</u>
Total Revenues		30,747,969		31,867,675		32,305,708
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT Executive						
Personnel services		1,539,056		1,564,606		1,613,842
Materials and supplies		8,994		8,590		56,682
Other services and charges		614,183		1,194,003		828,766
Contractual services		621,125		670,255		572,344
Total executive		2,783,358		3,437,454		3,071,634
Finance						
Personnel services		1,035,583		1,051,006		1,028,597
Materials and supplies		26,613		26,620		15,507
Other services and charges		424,489		458,081		396,655
Total finance		1,486,685		1,535,707	_	1,440,759
City Clerk		249.074		240 074		015 167
Personnel services		218,971 8,535		218,971 8,135		215,167 5,568
Materials and supplies Other services and charges		28,332		27,103		24,636
Total city clerk		255,838		254,209		24,030
Legislative		200,000		254,209		243,37 1
Personnel services		50,322		50,322		49,472
Materials and supplies		353		353		240
Other services and charges		6,363		6,363		215
Total legislative		57,038		57,038		49,927
Total General government		4,582,919		5,284,408		4,807,691
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DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted				
		Original		Final	_	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police Personnel services	\$	8,340,858	\$	8,309,197	\$	7,773,553
Materials and supplies	φ	99,067	φ	92,114	φ	65,842
Other services and charges		1,519,763		1,497,935		1,379,435
Total police		9,959,688		9,899,246		9,218,830
Fire						
Personnel services		6,898,166		6,993,266		6,694,388
Materials and supplies		308,790		131,136		88,270
Other services and charges		607,186		788,143		739,235
Total fire		7,814,142		7,912,545		7,521,893
Total Public Safety		<u>17,773,830</u>		<u> 17,811,791</u>		16,740,723
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS						
Personnel services		4,896,022		5,034,737		4,882,253
Materials and supplies		569,792		649,174		363,734
Other services and charges		1,895,835		2,200,234		1,774,673
Total Highways and Streets		7,361,649		7,884,145		7,020,660
,						
URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AND HOUSING						
Personnel services		1,313,549		1,268,130		1,231,961
Materials and supplies		12,819		14,819		7,344
Other services and charges		433,053		426,493		360,360
Total Urban redevelopment and housing	_	1,759,421		1,709,442		1,599,66 <u>5</u>
Total Expenditures		31,477,819		32,689,786		30,168,739
Total Exportation		01,117,010	_	02,000,700		00,100,700
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(729,850)		(822,111)		2,136,969
		. ,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		2,554,207		2,554,207		2,556,256
Transfers out		<u>(2,042,417</u>)		<u>(2,258,453</u>)		(2,258,453)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		511,790		<u> 295,754</u>		297,803
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(218,060)	\$	(526,357)		2,434,772
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						12,601,196
. One Daring of Tour						12,001,100
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	15,035,968

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budg			
	Original		Final	Actual
REVENUES Interest on investments Miscellaneous revenues Total Revenues	\$ 40,0	<u> </u>	40,000 5,000 45,000	\$ 224,525 31,718 256,243
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay Debt Service	3,323,2	275	4,089,762	2,012,570
Principal Total debt service Total Expenditures	3,323,2	- - 275	- 4,089,762	17,500 17,500 2,030,070
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,283,2	27 <u>5</u>)	(4,044,762)	(1,773,827)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources	1,293,0 1,293,0		1,522,114 1,522,114	1,516,514 1,516,514
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,990,2	<u>214</u>) <u>\$</u>	(2,522,648)	(257,313)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				7,821,827
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$ 7,564,514

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL RESERVE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted		
	Original	Final	Actual
REVENUES Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 75,000 75,000	\$ 82,000 82,000	\$ 161,791 161,791
EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 75,000	<u>\$ 82,000</u>	161,791
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			5,313,361
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			<u>\$ 5,475,152</u>

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Five Most Recent Fiscal Years

		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	1,112,513	\$ 1,089,547	\$ 1,065,320	\$ 1,102,255	\$ 1,015,914
Interest		3,785,492	4,201,414	4,346,036	4,564,742	4,613,194
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		1,297,327	(662,826)	275,732	(60,305)	881,107
Changes of assumptions		2,034,739	69,408	(214,733)	(1,831,679)	1,770,413
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,429,671)	(2,616,681)	(2,731,713)	(2,883,199)	(3,288,433)
Net change in total pension liability		5,800,400	 2,080,862	 2,740,642	 891,814	 4,992,195
Net change in total pension hability		3,000,400	2,000,002	2,740,042	051,014	4,552,155
Total pension liability - beginning		51,131,800	 56,932,200	 59,013,062	 61,753,704	 62,645,518
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	56,932,200	\$ 59,013,062	\$ 61,753,704	\$ 62,645,518	\$ 67,637,713
Plan fiduciary net position						
Employer contributions	\$	1,305,023	\$ 1,269,129	\$ 1,369,797	\$ 1,267,561	\$ 1,231,583
Employee contributions		492,715	458,147	466,761	482,590	496,327
Net investment income		2,897,188	249,334	3,467,889	9,411,497	(3,391,366)
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(0.400.074)	(0.040.004)	(0.704.740)	(0.000.400)	(0.000.400)
member contributions		(2,429,671)	(2,616,681)	(2,731,713)	(2,883,199)	(3,288,433)
Other (net transfer)	_	235,392	 673,394	 426,415	 (1,108,494)	 1,315,578
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,500,647	33,323	2,999,149	7,169,955	(3,636,311)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		47,810,846	 50,311,493	 50,344,816	 53,343,965	 60,513,920
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	50,311,493	\$ 50,344,816	\$ 53,343,965	\$ 60,513,920	\$ 56,877,609
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)						
- (b)	\$	6,620,707	\$ 8,668,246	\$ 8,409,739	\$ 2,131,598	\$ 10,760,104
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		88.37%	85.31%	86.38%	96.60%	84.09%
Covered payroll	\$	10,237,128	\$ 9,991,290	\$ 10,372,480	\$ 10,689,380	\$ 10,700,109
Employer's net pension liability as a						
percentage of covered payroll		64.67%	86.76%	81.08%	19.94%	100.56%

Notes to Schedule:

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

Actuary valuations are as of December 31st, which is 6 months prior to the end of the fiscal year.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Five Most Recent Fiscal Years

	 2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,264,285	\$	1,254,906	\$	1,350,497	\$	1,264,554	\$	1,231,583
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,305,023) (40,738)	\$	(1,269,129) (14,223)	\$	(1,369,797) (19,300)	\$	(1,267,561) (3,007)	\$	(1,231,583)
Covered payroll	\$ 10,237,128	\$	9,991,290	\$	10,372,480	\$	10,689,380	\$	10,700,109
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.75%		12.70%		13.21%		11.86%		11.51%

Notes to Schedule:

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 6 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market, 20% corridor

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition

Mortality RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, adjusted to match current IMRF

experience

Other information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

POLICE PENSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2014 2015		2016 2017				2018	2019				
Total pension liability												
Service cost	\$	1,202,918	\$	1,194,543	\$	1,085,728	\$	1,053,158	\$	1,126,879	\$	1,182,091
Interest	Ψ	3,084,785	Ψ	3,228,731	Ψ	3,541,423	Ψ	3,485,734	Ψ	3,919,160	Ψ	4,093,197
Differences between expected and actual		0,001,100		0,220,701		0,011,120		0,100,701		0,010,100		1,000,101
experience		(136,267)		(610,133)		(4,005,503)		4,777,112		-		_
Changes of assumptions		-		1,761,301		1,937,667		(613,367)		186,905		515,012
Benefit payments, including refunds of member								, ,				
contributions		(1,971,517)		(2,209,086)		(2,196,232)		(2,342,051)		(2,679,667)		(2,813,712)
Net change in total pension liability		2,179,919		3,365,356		363,083		6,360,586		2,553,277		2,976,588
Total pension liability - beginning		45,058,874		47,238,793		50,604,149		50,967,232		57,327,818		59,881,095
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	47,238,793	\$	50,604,149	\$	50,967,232	\$	57,327,818	\$	59,881,095	\$	62,857,683
-	<u> </u>	,===,:==		33,033,133		55,551,555	_	0.,00.,00.0	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	3_,000,,000
Plan fiduciary net position												
Employer contributions	\$	2,254,203	\$	1,850,383	\$	1,396,843	\$	1,230,207	\$	1,263,112	\$	1,035,976
Employee contributions		393,954		416,575		444,105		442,500		452,353		474,021
Contributions - other		-		-		-		-		-		120,990
Net investment income		3,673,877		632,290		861,378		3,356,407		2,659,165		2,227,519
Benefit payments, including refunds of member												
contributions		(1,971,517)		(2,209,086)		(2,196,232)		(2,342,051)		(2,679,667)		(2,813,712)
Administration		(33,074)		(33,421)		(60,788)		(54,146)		(22,701)		(37,561)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,317,443		656,741		445,306		2,632,917		1,672,262		1,007,233
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		29,542,951		33,860,394		34,517,135		34,962,441		37,595,358		39,267,620
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	33,860,394	\$	34,517,135	\$	34,962,441	\$	37,595,358	\$	39,267,620	\$	40,274,853
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City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	13,378,399	\$	16,087,014	\$	16,004,791	\$	19,732,460	\$	20,613,475	\$	22,582,830
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		71 600/		60 210/		69 609/		GE E00/		GE E00/		64.070/
of the total pension liability		71.68%		68.21%		68.60%		65.58%		65.58%		64.07%
Covered payroll	\$	4,124,681	\$	4,111,495	\$	4,481,382	\$	4,597,710	\$	4,564,608	\$	4,712,958
City's net pension liability as a percentage												
of covered payroll		324.35%		391.27%		357.14%		429.18%		451.59%		479.16%

Notes to Schedule:

The Police Pension Plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

POLICE PENSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010			2011	 2012	2013		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,381,577	\$	1,500,579	\$ 1,524,579	\$	1,648,164	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		1,783,576		1,981,806	 1,980,275		2,138,159	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(401,999)	\$	(481,227)	\$ (455,696)	\$	(489,995)	
Covered payroll	\$	3,485,147	\$	3,547,806	\$ 3,859,220	\$	3,972,920	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		51.18%		55.86%	51.31%		53.82%	

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, closed

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 2.5% - 4.25%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, including inflation, net of investment expenses

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public

Pension Data, as appropriate

2014 2015			2016	2017	2018	2019			
\$ 1,642,577	\$	1,642,577	\$ 1,619,190	\$ 1,721,661	\$ 1,202,926	\$	1,376,311		
2,254,203		1,850,383	1,396,843	1,230,207	1,263,112		1,035,976		
\$ (611,626)	\$	(207,806)	\$ 222,347	\$ 491,454	\$ (60,186)	\$	340,335		
\$ 4,124,681	\$	4,111,495	\$ 4,481,382	\$ 4,597,710	\$ 4,564,608	\$	4,712,958		
54.65%		45.01%	31.17%	26.76%	27.67%		21.98%		

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2014		2015			2016		2017	2018			2019
Total pension liability												
Service cost	\$	1,214,058	\$	1,196,507	\$	1,168,377	\$	1,041,804	\$	1,114,730	\$	1,130,620
Interest		2,893,786		3,002,629		3,275,512		3,451,343		3,776,268		3,940,224
Differences between expected and actual experience	ŧ	(521,056)		(17,671)		(686,638)		1,990,332		24,188		(569,017)
Changes of assumptions		-		685,724		2,156,908		552,401		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member												
contributions		(1,991,181)		(2,072,600)		(2,201,873)		(2,265,954)		(2,526,718)		(2,614,717)
Net change in total pension liability		1,595,607		2,794,589		3,712,286		4,769,926		2,388,468		1,887,110
Total pension liability - beginning		42,335,397		43,931,004		46,725,593		50,437,879		55,207,805		57,596,273
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	43,931,004	\$	46,725,593	\$	50,437,879	\$	55,207,805	\$	57,596,273	\$	59,483,383
Plan fiduciary net position												
Employer contributions	\$	1.517.629	\$	1,236,008	\$	1.038.747	\$	972.622	\$	966.759	\$	759.718
Employee contributions	Ψ	350,475	Ψ	374,389	Ψ	402,718	Ψ	402,966	Ψ	400,438	Ψ	420,573
Net investment income		5,208,327		1,954,325		313,386		5,327,069		4,060,887		2,896,940
Benefit payments, including refunds of member		0,200,027		1,554,525		010,000		0,027,000		4,000,007		2,000,040
contributions		(1,991,181)		(2,072,600)		(2,201,873)		(2,265,954)		(2,526,718)		(2,614,717)
Administration		(37,219)		(36,908)		(43,824)		(36,152)		(16,556)		(29,067)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,048,031		1,455,214		(490,846)		4,400,551		2,884,810		1,433,447
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		35,692,771		40,740,802		42,196,016		41,705,170		46,105,721		48,990,531
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	40,740,802	\$	42,196,016	\$	41,705,170	\$	46,105,721	\$	48,990,531	\$	
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,190,202	\$	4,529,577	\$	8,732,709	\$	9,102,084	\$	8,605,742	\$	9,059,405
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.74%		90.31%		82.69%		83.51%		85.06%		84.77%
Covered payroll	\$	3,777,788	\$	3,942,216	\$	4,063,754	\$	4,237,345	\$	4,235,199	\$	4,372,843
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		84.45%		114.90%		214.89%		214.81%		203.20%		207.17%

Notes to Schedule:

The Firefighters' Pension Plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010			2011	 2012	2013		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,133,720	\$	1,220,290	\$ 1,182,977	\$	1,245,665	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Cotnribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,372,080 (238,360)	\$	1,463,810 (243,520)	\$ 1,403,306 (220,329)	\$	1,482,369 (236,704)	
Covered payroll	\$	3,319,469	\$	3,414,250	\$ 2,645,435	\$	3,872,621	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		41.33%		42.87%	53.05%		38.28%	

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 4.25% - 7.19%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, including inflation, net of investment expenses

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public

Pension Data, as appropriate

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 1,179,662	\$ 1,179,662	\$ 1,117,736	\$ 1,082,119	\$ 764,329	\$ 864,245
\$ 1,517,629 (337,967)	\$ 1,236,008 (56,346)	\$ 1,038,747 78,989	\$ 972,622 109,497	\$ 966,759 (202,430)	\$ 759,718 104,527
\$ 3,777,788	\$ 3,942,216	\$ 4,063,754	\$ 4,237,345	\$ 4,235,199	\$ 4,372,843
40.17%	31.35%	25.56%	22.95%	22.83%	17.37%

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Two Most Recent Fiscal Years

	 2018	2019
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 392,809	\$ 386,933
Interest	133,193	126,229
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(751,658)
Changes of assumptions	(153,548)	1,205,600
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (72,969)	(74,425)
Net change in total OPEB liability	299,485	892,679
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 3,363,815	 3,663,300
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 3,663,300	\$ 4,555,979
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 21,766,391	\$ 19,368,542
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	16.83%	23.52%

Notes to Schedule:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to fiscal year 2018 is not available.

The information presented above includes the total OPEB liability for the City and Library.

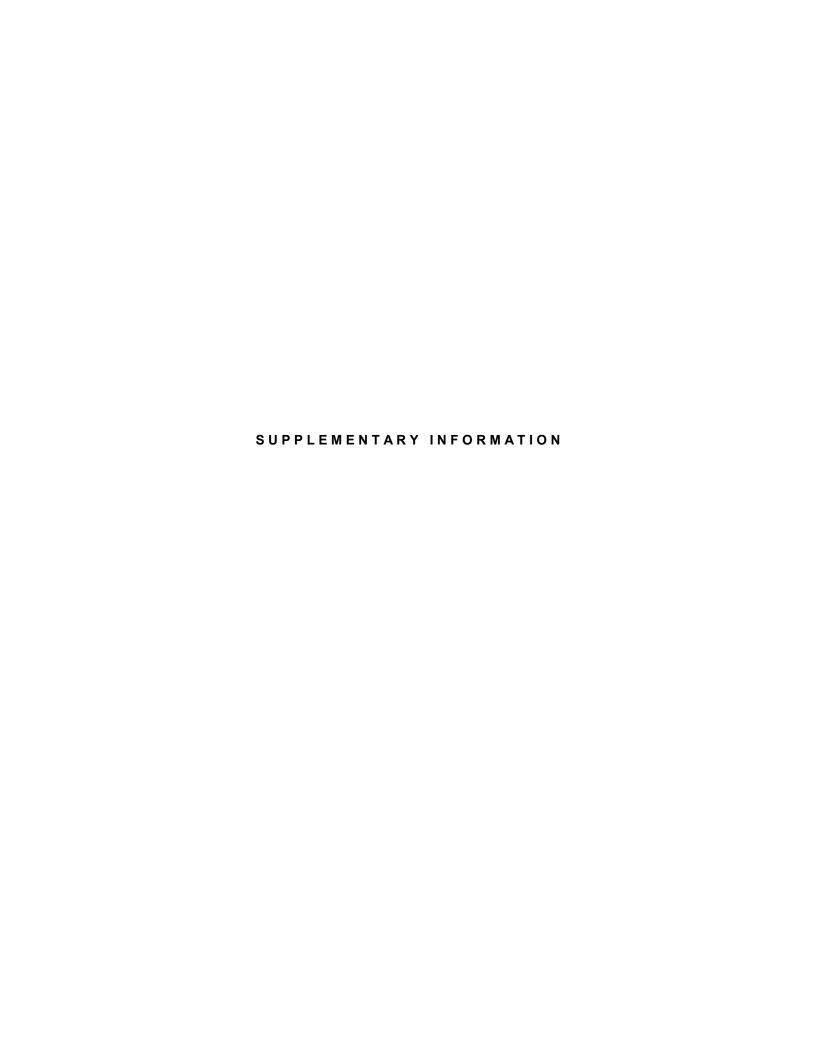
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The budget is as amended by the City Council. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to June 30, the City Finance Director submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.

The City is authorized to change budgeted amounts within any fund; however, revision must be approved by two-thirds of the members of the City Council. No revisions can be made increasing the budget unless funding is available for the purpose of the revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Finance Director is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, the City Council must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue									
	Poli	ce Special		Farmer's Market	С	ommunity evelopment Special		ommunity evelopment Grants		
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Property tax receivable	\$	76,786	\$	83,406	\$	178,524	\$	-		
Other taxes Accounts receivable Grants receivable		- - -		46,455 		- - -		- - 461,753		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	76,786	\$	129,861	\$	178,524	\$	461,753		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and taxes Due to other funds	\$	18,149 - -	\$	20,047 1,363	\$	14,940 5,832	\$	340,062 - 279,043		
Unearned revenues Total Liabilities		18,149		21,410		20,772	_	619,105		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for future periods Unavailable revenues for grants Unavailable for intergovernmental Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - - -	_	- - - -	_	- - - -	_	54,810 - 54,810		
Fund Balances Restricted for urban housing and development Restricted for public safety Restricted for highways and streets		- - - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		
Committed for capital projects Assigned for public safety Assigned for urban housing and		- 58,637		-		- -		-		
development Assigned for public television Unassigned fund balance Total Fund Balances		- - - 58.637		108,451 - - 108,451		157,752 - - 157.752		(212,162) (212,162)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND		55,557		100,701		107,102		(212,102)		
FUND BALANCES	\$	76,786	\$	129,861	\$	178,524	\$	461,753		

_						Sp	ecial Revenue	:					
	TIF #2 TIF #4		TIF #4 Central TIF			_	Post TIF Closure	_	Recycling	Ca	able TV PEG	Pr	Arms ogramming
\$	874,137	\$	1,695,900	\$	36,959	\$	82,936	\$	727,474	\$	130,979	\$	128,688
	1,062,275 - 50,000 -		1,042,755 - - -		121,144 - - -		- - - -		70,441 137,137		- - - -		- - - -
\$	1,986,412	\$	2,738,655	\$	158,103	\$	82,936	\$	935,052	\$	130,979	\$	128,688
\$	2,715	\$	70,497 1,083	\$	44,298	\$	- - -	\$	45,629 11,407	\$	3,064 2,038	\$	1,593 1,442
_	<u>2,715</u>		71,580	_	44,298	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u> 57,036	_	5,102		3,035
	524,104		420,800		53,473		-		-		-		- -
	524,104		420,800	_	53,473	_	-	_	123,954 123,954		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
	1,459,593		2,246,275		60,332		82,936		- - 754,062				- 60,888 -
	-		-		-		-		-		-		64,765
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		125,877 -		- - -
	1,459,593		2,246,275	_	60,332	_	82,936	_	754,062		125,877		125,653
\$	1,986,412	\$	2,738,655	\$	158,103	\$	82,936	\$	935,052	\$	130,979	\$	128,688

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	Sa	Capital Projects anitary Sewer		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables	\$	1,125,024	\$	5,140,813
Property tax receivable Other taxes Accounts receivable Grants receivable		260,792 - -		2,226,174 331,233 233,592 461,753
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,385,816	\$	8,393,565
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and taxes	\$	32,149	\$	590,428 25,880
Due to other funds		_		279,043
Unearned revenues		73,130		73,130
Total Liabilities		105,279		968,481
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for future periods Unavailable revenues for grants Unavailable for intergovernmental Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	- - - -	_	998,377 54,810 123,954 1,177,141
Fund Balances				
Restricted for urban housing and development Restricted for public safety Restricted for highways and streets Committed for capital projects Assigned for public safety		- - - 1,280,537 -		3,849,136 60,888 754,062 1,280,537 123,402
Assigned for urban housing and development		-		266,203
Assigned for public television		-		125,877
Unassigned fund balance Total Fund Balances	_	1,280,537		(212,162) 6,247,943
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	1,385,816	\$	8,393,565

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue											
	<u>Poli</u>	ce Special		Farmer's Market		ommunity evelopment Special		Community evelopment Grants				
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Other taxes		-		-		-		-				
Intergovernmental		10,013		15,500		(278,567)		1,064,204				
Licenses, fines, and service charges		12,058		101,972		-		-				
Investment income		2,721		2,554		2,121		-				
Miscellaneous revenues		_				11,81 <u>6</u>		_				
Total Revenues		24,792		120,026		(264,630)		1,064,204				
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government		-		-		-		-				
Public safety		52,750		-		-		-				
Highways and streets		-		-		-		-				
Urban redevelopment and housing		-		94,479		296,854		1,055,047				
Capital Outlay		6,070		-		-		-				
Debt Service												
Principal		-		-		-		-				
Interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Total Expenditures		58,820	_	94,479		296,854		1,055,047				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
expenditures		(34,028)		25,547		(561,484)		9,157				
OTUED ENVANORUS COURCES (ICCES)												
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						000 707						
Transfers in		-		-		238,735		(000 705)				
Transfers out		(24,417)		<u>=</u>		(25,665)		(238,735)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(24,417)	_		-	213,070	_	(238,735)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(58,445)		25,547		(348,414)		(229,578)				
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		117,082		82,904		506,166		<u> 17,416</u>				
FUND DAI ANORO (DEFICIT) EVE OF												
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	58,637	\$	108,451	\$	157,752	\$	(212,162)				

Special Revenue

_	TIF #2	_	TIF #4	Central TIF	<u> </u>		Post TIF Closure	_	Recycling		Cable TV PEG	Pro	Arms ogramming
\$	1,290,936	\$	1,020,110	\$ 82,38	5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		- 146,105
	-		-	(0.00	-		- 0.450		1,429,339		137,782		-
	35,509 -		56,106 -	(2,32 67			3,159 -		18,241 (7)		4,277 -		3,935 -
	1,326,445		1,076,216	80,74			3,159	_	1,447,573		142,059		150,040
	-		-		-		-		-		177,877		176,033
	-		-		-		-		- 1,023,063		-		-
	286,537		579,163	244,90	7		-		-		-		-
	-		154,159	1,42	3		-		348,459		-		-
	880,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
	51,409 1,217,946		733,322	246,33	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	1,371,522		<u>-</u> 177,877		176,033
	, , , , <u>, </u>								,- ,-		,		
	108,499		342,894	(165,59	<u>0</u>)		3,159		76,051		(35,818)		(25,993)
	-		-	222,73	7		-		-		-		30,284
	(254,828)	_	<u>-</u>	000.70	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	_	(147,004)	_	(4,234)		(2,810)
	(254,828)		-	222,73	<u>/</u>	_			(147,004)	_	(4,234)		27,474
	(146,329)		342,894	57,14	7		3,159		(70,953)		(40,052)		1,481
	1,605,922		1,903,381	3,18	<u>5</u>		79,777		825 <u>,</u> 015		165,929		124,172
					٠								
\$	1,459,593	\$	2,246,275	\$ 60,33	2	\$	82,936	\$	754,062	\$	125,877	\$	125,653

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Capital Projects	Total
	Sanitary Sewer	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_	
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,393,431
Other taxes	1,321,740	1,321,740
Intergovernmental Licenses, fines, and service charges	-	957,255 1,681,151
Investment income	32.241	158,540
Miscellaneous revenues	6,369	18,857
Total Revenues	1,360,350	6,530,974
Total Novollado	1,000,000	0,000,071
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government	-	353,910
Public safety	-	52,750
Highways and streets	136,406	1,159,469
Urban redevelopment and housing	-	2,556,987
Capital Outlay	168,829	678,940
Debt Service		
Principal	-	880,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	51,409
Total Expenditures	305,235	<u>5,733,465</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	1 055 115	707 500
expenditures	<u>1,055,115</u>	<u>797,509</u>
OTHER SIMANOING COURSES (HOSE)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		404 750
Transfers in	- (004.704)	491,756
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(821,734) (821,734)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	(021,734)	(1,027,071)
Net Change in Fund Balances	233,381	(230,162)
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	1,047,156	6,478,105
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF		
YEAR	\$ 1,280,537	\$ 6,247,943

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE SPECIAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original Final			Actual	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Licenses, fines, and service charges Investment income Total Revenues	\$	45,000 10,000 - 55,000	\$	20,819 10,000 1,000 31,819	\$	10,013 12,058 2,721 24,792
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety - Police Personnel services Materials and supplies Contractual services Total public safety - police Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		36,328 2,500 17,787 56,615 20,263 76,878		41,328 3,333 24,792 69,453 26,119 95,572		22,948 3,333 26,469 52,750 6,070 58,820
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(21,878)		(63,753)		(34,028)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses		<u>-</u>		(30,017) (30,017)		(24,417) (24,417)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(21,878)	\$	(93,770)		(58,445)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						117,082
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	58,637

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FARMER'S MARKET FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
	0	riginal		Final		Actual
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	15,500	\$	15,500
Licenses, fines, and service charges		90,000		100,000		101,972
Investment income		500		1,000		2,554
Total Revenues		90,500		116,500		120,026
		,		- 1		
EXPENDITURES						
Urban Redevelopment and Housing						
Personnel services		62,865		64,356		53,617
Contractual services		64,892		45,570		40,862
Total urban redevelopment and housing		127.757		109,926		94,479
Total Expenditures		127,757		109,926		94,479
Total Experiorales		121,131		109,920		34,413
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(37,257)	\$	6,574		25,547
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						82,904
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	108,451

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final			Actual		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	96,000	\$	50,000	\$	(278,567)	
Investment income		360		1,000		2,121	
Miscellaneous revenues		10,000		12,000	-	11,816	
Total Revenues		106,360		63,000		(264,630)	
EXPENDITURES							
Urban Redevelopment and Housing							
Personnel services		286,268		286,268		235,814	
Materials and supplies		1,000		1,000		531	
Contractual services		123,000		79,050		60,509	
Total urban redevelopment and housing		410,268		366,318		<u> 296,854</u>	
Total Expenditures		410,268		<u>366,318</u>		<u>296,854</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(303,908)		(303,318)		<u>(561,484</u>)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		311,436		311,436		238,735	
Transfers out		(25,665)		(25,665)		(25,665)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		285,771		285,771		213,070	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(18,137)	\$	(17,547)		(348,414)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						506,166	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	157,752	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GRANTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$ 1,918,659 1,918,659	\$ 1,376,875 1,376,875	\$ 1,064,204 1,064,204
EXPENDITURES			
Urban Redevelopment and Housing Contractual services Total urban redevelopment and housing Total Expenditures	1,732,223 1,732,223 1,732,223	1,559,037 1,559,037 1,559,037	1,055,047 1,055,047 1,055,047
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u> 186,436</u>	(182,162)	9,157
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses	(311,436) (311,436)	(311,436) (311,436)	(238,735) (238,735)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (125,000)</u>	<u>\$ (493,598)</u>	(229,578)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			17,416
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR			<u>\$ (212,162)</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF #2 FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
	Original Final				Actual	
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	\$	1,275,015 15,000 1,290,015	\$	1,275,015 19,000 1,294,015	\$	1,290,936 35,509 1,326,445
EXPENDITURES						
Urban Redevelopment and Housing Personnel services Contractual services Total urban redevelopment and housing Debt Service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total debt service Total Expenditures	=	111,607 313,897 425,504 880,000 45,117 925,117 1,350,621		111,607 306,397 418,004 880,000 51,409 931,409 1,349,413		110,969 175,568 286,537 880,000 51,409 931,409 1,217,946
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(60,606)		(55,398)		108,499
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses	_	(282,563) (282,563)	_	(1,030,042) (1,030,042)	_	(254,828) (254,828)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(343,169)	\$	(1,085,440)		(146,329)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						1,605,922
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	1,459,593

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF #4 FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
	Orig	ginal	Fi	nal	_ Actual	
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 9			977,739 18,000 995,739	\$	1,020,110 56,106 1,076,216
EXPENDITURES						
Urban Redevelopment and Housing Personnel services Contractual services Total urban redevelopment and housing	6	152,203 615,145 767,348		152,203 615,145 767,348		139,089 440,074 579,163
Capital Outlay		185,000		<u> 185,000</u>		<u> 154,159</u>
Total Expenditures		<u>952,348</u>		<u>952,348</u>		733,322
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	40,391	\$	43,391		342,894
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						1,903,381
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	2,246,275

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CENTRAL TIF FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete		
	Original	Actual	
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 5,450 1,000		\$ 82,385 (2,324) 679
Total Revenues	6,450	5,550	80,740
EXPENDITURES			
Urban Redevelopment and Housing Contractual services Total urban redevelopment and housing	178,971 178,971		244,907 244,907
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	80,000 258,971		1,423 246,330
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(252,521) (981,600) (165,590)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources	252,521 252,521		222,737 222,737
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 18,400	57,147
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			3,185
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 60,332

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POST TIF CLOSURE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete				
	Original		Final		Actual
REVENUES Investment income Total Revenues	\$	_	\$ 1,070 1,070	\$	3,159 3,159
EXPENDITURES Urban Redevelopment and Housing Contractual services Total urban redevelopment and housing Total Expenditures		: . : . : .	80,917 80,917 80,917		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	- 5	\$ (79,847)		3,159
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				-	79,777
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$	82,936

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - RECYCLING FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted				
		Original Final			 Actual	
REVENUES Licenses, fines, and service charges Investment income Miscellaneous revenues	\$	1,344,775 7,500 50	\$	1,429,312 8,000 50	\$ 1,429,339 18,241 <u>(7</u>)	
Total Revenues		1,352,325		1,437,362	 1,447,573	
EXPENDITURES						
Highways and Streets		440 500		450 467	440.000	
Personnel services		440,582 96,445		450,167	418,382	
Materials and supplies Other services and charges		30,000		96,445 30,000	45,771	
Contractual services		589,308		585,910	558,910	
Total highways and streets		1,156,335		1,162,522	1,023,063	
Capital Outlay		24,050		388,499	348,459	
Total Expenditures		1,180,385		1,551,021	 1,371,522	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		171,940		<u>(113,659</u>)	 76,051	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(147,004)		(147,004)	 (147,004)	
Total Other Financing Uses	_	(147,004)		(147,004)	 (147,004)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	24,936	\$	(260,663)	(70,953)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year					 825,015	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$ 754,062	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CABLE TV PEG FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final			Actual		
REVENUES							
Licenses, fines, and service charges	\$	151,000	\$	151,000	\$	137,782	
Investment income		700		700		4,277	
Total Revenues		<u> 151,700</u>		<u> 151,700</u>		142,059	
EXPENDITURES							
General Government							
Personnel services		145,926		145,926		132,020	
Materials and supplies		6,500		8,125		7,001	
Contractual services		44,469		44,469		38,856	
Total general government		<u> 196,895</u>		<u> 198,520</u>		177,877	
Total Expenditures		196,895		198,520		177,877	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>(</u> 45,195)		(46,820)		(35,818)	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out		(4,234)		(4,234)		(4,234)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(4,234)		(4,234)		(4,234)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	(49,429)	\$	(51,054)		(40,052)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						165,929	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	125,877	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ARMS PROGRAMMING FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
	Original Final			Actual		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues	\$	146,109 <u>800</u> 146,909	\$	146,109 <u>800</u> 146,909	\$	146,105 3,935 150,040
EXPENDITURES						
General Government Personnel services Contractual services Total general government Total Expenditures		124,841 48,742 173,583 173,583		128,841 48,742 177,583 177,583		127,843 48,190 176,033 176,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(26,674)		(30,674)		(25,993)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		30,284 (2,810) 27,474		30,284 (2,810) 27,474		30,284 (2,810) 27,474
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	800	\$	(3,200)		1,481
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						124,172
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	125,653

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SANITARY SEWER FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final		Actual
REVENUES Sewer benefit taxes Investment income Miscellaneous revenues Total Revenues	\$	1,435,291 6,365 3,500 1,445,156	\$	1,435,291 10,021 6,370 1,451,682	\$	1,321,740 32,241 6,369 1,360,350
EXPENDITURES						
Highways and Streets Contractual services Total highways and streets		214,534 214,534		151,243 151,243		136,406 136,406
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	_	400,000 614,534		287,259 438,502		168,829 305,235
Excess of revenues over expenditures		830,622		1,013,180		1,055,115
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses	_	(821,734) (821,734)		(821,734) (821,734)	_	(821,734) (821,734)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	8,888	\$	191,446		233,381
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						1,047,156
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	1,280,537

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND REPLACEMENT FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original Final				Actual		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	1,516,778	\$	1,371,846	\$	1,342,768	
Licenses, fines, and service charges		1,556,162	•	1,556,162	•	1,572,644	
Investment income		20,500		49,717		182,329	
Miscellaneous revenues		15,000		527,359		525,607	
Total Revenues	;	<u>3,108,440</u>		3,505,084		3,623,348	
EXPENDITURES							
Highways and Streets							
Materials and supplies		-		407		-	
Contractual services		646,889		1,264,764		596,84 <u>5</u>	
Total highways and streets		646,889		1,265,171		<u>596,845</u>	
Capital Outlay		1,806,947		1,090,302		1,102,286	
Debt Service							
Principal		275,000		275,000		275,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		32,694		32,694		17,275	
Total debt service		307,694		307,694		<u> 292,275</u>	
Total Expenditures	:	2,761,530		2,663,167		1,991,406	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		0.40.040		044.04=		4 004 040	
expenditures		<u>346,910</u>		841,917		1,631,942	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		770,412		787,412		787,412	
Transfers out		(610,868)		(610,868)		(610,868)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		159,544		176,544		176,544	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	506,454	\$	1,018,461		1,808,486	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						4,955,629	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	6,764,115	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Actual
Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 1,224,188 \$ 1,924,588	94,328
EXPENDITURES		
Highways and Streets Contractual services Total highways and streets Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	- 36,000 - 36,000 1,390,000 52,713 1,390,000 88,713	288,002
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (150,812)</u> <u>\$ 1,859,375</u>	1,340,258
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		2,456,537
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 3,796,795

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKING FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts				
		Original		Final		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES						
Parking meters Parking rentals		35,000 <u>27,000</u>	\$	1,200,000 227,000	\$	1,292,848 236,467
Total Operating Revenues	1,4	<u>62,000</u>		1,427,000	_	1,529,315
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel Supplies Contractural services Depreciation		89,000 71,177 02,508	_	212,972 63,177 456,405	_	201,690 20,793 311,800 205,966
Total Operating Expenses	6	<u>62,685</u>		732,554	_	740,249
Operating Income (Loss) NON-OPERATING REVENUES	7	<u>99,315</u>		694,446	_	789,066
Investment income		22,000		22,000	_	54,762
Total Non-Operating Revenues		22,000		22,000	_	54,762
Net Income Before Transfers TRANSFERS	8	<u>21,315</u>		716,446	_	843,828
Transfers out	(9	<u>42,620</u>)		(942,620)		(942,620)
Net Transfers	(9	42,620)		(942,620)	_	(942,620)
Change in net position	\$ <u>(1</u>	<u>21,305</u>)	\$ <u></u>	(226,174)		(98,792)
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year					_	7,727,749
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$_	7,628,957

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	Equipment Services	Information Technology	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 402,864	\$ 316,580	\$ 719,444
Inventories	122,136	-	122,136
Prepaid items		12,042	12,042
Total Current Assets	525,000	328,622	853,622
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets			
Equipment	265,446	-	265,446
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(208,016)	<u>-</u>	(208,016)
Total Noncurrent Assets	57,430		57,430
Total Assats	E92 420	200 600	011.052
Total Assets	582,430	328,622	911,052
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	116,198	236,924	353,122
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	116,198	236,924	353,122
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	59,985	6,437	66,422
Accrued salaries and taxes	6,238	9,432	<u> 15,670</u>
Total Current Liabilities	66,223	<u>15,869</u>	82,092
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net pension liability	190,626	389,113	579,739
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	190,626	389,113	579,739
Total Liabilities	256,849	404,982	661,831
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	23,897	40,477	64,374
·			
NET POSITION	E7 400		E7 400
Net investment in capital assets	57,430	400.007	57,430
Unrestricted net position	360,452	120,087	480,539
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 417,882</u>	\$ 120,087	<u>\$ 537,969</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	Equipment Services		
Charges for services	\$ 850,354	\$ 1,025,371	\$ 1,875,725
Total Operating Revenues	850,354	1,025,371	1,875,725
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel	243,013	769,432	1,012,445
Supplies	22,989	21,675	44,664
Contractual services	153,486	100,283	253,769
Equipment parts	165,109	4,147	169,256
Fuel	204,277	-	204,277
Depreciation	5,142		5,142
Total Operating Expenses	<u>794,016</u>	895,537	1,689,553
Operating Income	56,338	129,834	<u>186,172</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Interest on investments	10,769	4,764	15,533
Total Nonoperating Revenues	10,769	4,764	<u>15,533</u>
Income Before Transfers	67,107	134,598	201,705
TRANSFERS			
Transfers out	(6,059)	(14,511)	(20,570)
Total Transfers	(6,059)	(14,511)	(20,570)
Change in net position	61,048	120,087	181,135
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	356,834		356,834
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 417,882	\$ 120,087	\$ 537,969

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		quipment Services		nformation Fechnology		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Received from customers	\$	850,354	\$	1,025,371	\$	1,875,725
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(538,965)		(131,710)		(670,675)
Paid to employees for services		(289,803)	_	(567,334)		<u>(857,137</u>)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		21,586		326,327		347,913
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income		10,769		4,764		15,533
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		10,769		4,764		15,533
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIE	S					
Transfers		(6,059)		(14,511)		(20,570)
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		(6,059)		(14,511)		(20,570)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		26,296		316,580		342,876
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		376,568				376,568
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	\$	402,864	<u>\$</u>	316,580	\$	719,444
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net	\$	56,338	\$	129,834 \$;	186,172
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Depreciation		5,142		-		5,142
Changes in assets and liabilities		•				,
Inventory		(6,169)		-		(6,169)
Prepaids		-		(12,042)		(12,042)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		(88,528)		(236,924)		(325,452)
Accounts payable		13,065		6,437		19,502
Accrued salaries		1,156		9,432		10,588
Net pension liability		135,569		389,113		524,682
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(94,987)		40,477		(54,510)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	_		_			
ACTIVITIES	\$	21,586	\$	326,327 \$)	347,913

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EQUIPMENT SERVICES FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts	
	Original	Final	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ <u>1,061,231</u>	\$ <u>1,061,231</u>	\$ <u>850,354</u>
Total Operating Revenues	1,061,231	1,061,231	850,354
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel Supplies Contractural services Equipment parts Fuel Depreciation	379,106 16,944 146,010 228,310 224,000	301,606 15,944 190,673 207,202 224,000	243,013 22,989 153,486 165,109 204,277 5,142
Total Operating Expenses	994,370	939,425	794,016
Operating Income NON-OPERATING REVENUES	66,861	<u>121,806</u>	<u>56,338</u>
Investment income	1,000	1,000	10,769
Total Non-Operating Revenues	1,000	1,000	10,769
Net Income Before Transfers TRANSFERS	67,861	<u>122,806</u>	67,107
Transfers out	(6,059)	(6,059)	(6,059)
Net Transfers	(6,059)	(6,059)	(6,059)
Change in net position	\$ <u>61,802</u>	\$ <u>116,747</u>	61,048
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year			356,834
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$ <u>417,882</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budg		
	Original		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ <u>1,076,1</u>	<u>15</u> \$ <u>1,125,245</u>	\$ <u>1,025,371</u>
Total Operating Revenues	1,076,1	<u>15</u> <u>1,125,245</u>	1,025,371
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel Supplies Contractural services Equipment parts	574,6 80,6 201,3 	66 89,104 59 153,170	769,432 21,675 100,283 4,147
Total Operating Expenses	884,6	72 826,921	895,537
Operating Income NON-OPERATING REVENUES	191,4	43 298,324	129,834
Interest on investments	1,5	00 1,500	4,764
Total Non-Operating Revenues	1,5	00 1,500	4,764
Net Income Before Transfers	192,9	43 299,824	134,598
TRANSFERS			
Transfers out	(14,5	<u>11</u>) <u>(14,511</u>)	<u>(14,511</u>)
Net Transfers	(14,5	<u>(14,511)</u>	(14,511)
Change in net position	\$ <u>178,4</u>	32 \$ 285,313	120,087
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$ 120,087

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	<u> Po</u>	Police Pension		Firefighters' Pension		Totals
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	2,243,174	\$	270,576	\$	2,513,750
Investments						
Certificates of deposit		-		2,142,042		2,142,042
Money market funds		-		224,356		224,356
U.S. Government and agency securities		9,912,366		9,864,904		19,777,270
Mutual funds		19,005,238		33,412,310		52,417,548
Domestic common stocks		4,861,630		-		4,861,630
Corporate bonds		4,192,974		4,140,436		8,333,410
Municipal bonds		-		315,024		315,024
Receivables				•		,
Accrued interest		70,581		60,560		131,141
Total Assets		40,285,963		50,430,208		90,716,171
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		11,110		6,230	_	17,340
Total Liabilities		11,110		6,230		17,340
NET POSITION						
Restricted for pensions	\$	40,274,853	\$	50,423,978	\$	90,698,831
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CITY OF URBANA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ADDITIONS	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Totals
Contributions			
Employer contributions	\$ 1,035,976	\$ 759.718	\$ 1,795,694
Employee contributions	474,021	420,573	894,594
Other	120,990	420,373	120,990
Total Contributions	1,630,987	1,180,291	2,811,278
Investment income	1,030,967	1,100,291	2,011,210
Interest on investments	004 070	2 222 220	2 110 216
	894,878 1,525,125	2,223,338	3,118,216
Net appreciation in fair value of investments Total Investment Income		749,262	<u>2,274,387</u>
	2,420,003	2,972,600	5,392,603
Less Investment expense Net Investment Income	192,484	75,660	<u>268,144</u>
	2,227,519	2,896,940	<u>5,124,459</u>
Total Additions	3,858,506	4,077,231	7,935,737
DEDUCTIONS	0.707.700	0.500.050	5.057.440
Benefits	2,767,790	2,589,359	5,357,149
Refunds of contributions	45,922	25,358	71,280
Administrative costs	37,561	29,067	66,628
Total Deductions	2,851,273	2,643,784	5,495,057
Change in Net Position	1,007,233	1,433,447	2,440,680
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	39,267,620	48,990,531	88,258,151
		,,	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 40,274,853	\$ 50,423,978	\$ 90,698,831
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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Urbana, Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	129 - 133
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source.	134 - 137
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	138 - 141
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the City's financial activities take place.	142 - 144
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's service and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	145 - 146

Sources: Unless otherwise noted ,the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	 2010	2011	2012	20	13*	2014**	2	015	2016	2	2017***	2018	2019
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 79,853 14,164 21,977	\$ 81,466 13,603 22,085	\$ 87,036 \$ 9,781 27,336		83,380 20,107 25,589	\$ 86,212 \$ 8,366 291	\$	90,695 8,236 1,985	\$ 90,099 8,501 3,832	\$	90,269 7,974 (415)	\$ 93,268 \$ 8,026 (3,155)	93,517 10,639 (3,851)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	\$ 115,994	\$ 117,154	\$ 124,153 \$	\$ 1	129,076	\$ 94,869	\$	100,916	\$ 102,432	\$	97,828	\$ 98,139 \$	100,305
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 5,458 3,189	\$ 5,609 3,048	\$ 5,778 \$ 2,970	\$	6,248 2,353	\$ 5,953 2,295	\$	5,801 2,357	\$ 5,883 2,217	\$	6,116 1,866	\$ 6,238 \$ 1,512	6,080 1,577
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	\$ 8,647	\$ 8,657	\$ 8,748 \$	\$	8,601	\$ 8,248	\$	8,158	\$ 8,100	\$	7,982	\$ 7,750 \$	7,657
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 85,311 14,164 25,166	\$ 87,075 13,603 25,133	\$ 92,814 \$ 9,781 30,306		89,628 20,107 27,942	\$ 92,165 \$ 8,366 2,586	\$	96,496 8,236 4,342	\$ 95,982 8,501 6,049	\$	96,385 7,974 1,451	\$ 99,506 \$ 8,026 (1,643)	99,597 10,639 (2,274)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 124,641	\$ 125,811	\$ 132,901 \$	\$ 1	137,677	\$ 103,117	\$	109,074	\$ 110,532	\$	105,810	\$ 105,889 \$	107,962

Source:

^{*} Restated

^{**}Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. Prior years have not been restated.

^{***}Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. Prior years have not been restated.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	2010	2011	2012	~	2013 ^a	2014 ^{b, e}	2015	2016	2017 ^f	2010	2010
EXPENSES	 2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities											
Public safety	\$ 14,368 \$	14,644 \$	15,116	\$	16,090 \$	15,967	\$ 17,483 \$	18,899 \$	20,289 \$	21,880 \$	22,172
Highways and streets	10,956	10,980	10,376		11,527	12,386	11,892	14,348	12,956	10,759	11,247
General government	3,376	3,395	3,457		3,654	4,900	5,093	4,850	5,693	6,926	5,618
Urban redevelopment and housing	5,790	6,647	6,737		5,969	17,507	4,825	5,652	5,100	4,607	4,207
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-		-	98	136	122	108	93	93
Library Services ^d	 3,693	3,582	3,844		-	-					
Total governmental activities expenses	 38,183	39,248	39,530		37,240	50,858	39,429	43,871	44,146	44,265	43,337
Business-type activities											
Motor vehicle parking	 747	758	698		735	717	675	681	707	736	734
Total business-type activities expenses	 747	758	698		735	717	675	681	707	736	734
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	\$ 38,930 \$	40,006 \$	40,228	\$	37,975 \$	51,575	\$ 40,104 \$	44,552 \$	44,853 \$	45,001 \$	44,071
PROGRAM REVENUES											
Governmental activities											
Charges for services											
Public safety	\$ 2,717 \$	2,763 \$		\$	2,988 \$	3,182	\$ 3,796 \$	3,346 \$		3,191 \$	3,234
Highways and streets	1,742	1,748	1,783		1,833	3,237	3,414	3,547	3,418	3,471	3,872
Other activities c, d	1,217	1,278	1,941		1,071	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government ^c	-	-	-		-	179	200	247	454	296	293
Urban redevelopment and housing c	-	-	-		-	1,080	1,308	1,551	1,442	1,259	1,554
Operating grants and contributions	2,200	1,799	1,826		2,430	1,859	2,818	2,041	1,292	2,969	506
Capital grants and contributions	 1,998	1,874	6,200		3,890	4,434	2,010	1,245	1,335	3,219	3,058
Total governmental activities program revenues	 9,874	9,462	14,633		12,212	13,971	13,546	11,977	11,439	14,405	12,517
Business-type activities program revenues											
Charges for services - motor vehicle parking	 1,034	1,107	1,102		1,183	1,121	1,310	1,357	1,421	1,372	1,529
Total business-type activities program revenues	 1,034	1,107	1,102		1,183	1,121	1,310	1,357	1,421	1,372	1,529
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											
PROGRAM REVENUES	\$ 10,908 \$	10,569	15,735	\$	13,395 \$	15,092	\$ 14,856 \$	13,334 \$	12,860 \$	15,777 \$	14,046
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)											
Governmental activities	\$ (28,309) \$	(29,786) \$	(24,897)	\$	(25,028) \$	(36,887)	\$ (25,883) \$	(31,894) \$	(32,707) \$	(29,860) \$	(30,820)
Business-type activities	 287	349	404		448	404	635	676	714	636	795
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)	\$ (28,022) \$	(29,437) \$	(24,493)	\$	(24,580) \$	(36,483)	\$ (25,248) \$	(31,218) \$	(31,993) \$	(29,224) \$	(30,025)

Source:

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		2010	2011	2012	2013 ^a	2014 b, e	2015	2016	2017 ^f	2018	2019
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER	-	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019
CHANGES IN NET POSITION											
Governmental activities											
Property taxes	\$	10,401 \$	11,614 \$	10,583 \$		7,901 \$.,	8,778 \$	6,695 \$	6,634 \$	6,844
Utility taxes		3,694	3,865	3,965	4,093	4,161	3,938	3,792	3,811	3,819	3,699
State and local sales taxes		8,422	9,070	9,791	10,170	10,902	11,494	12,277	12,033	11,694	12,224
Other taxes		1,660	1,801	2,128	2,211	2,332	2,203	2,292	2,296	2,264	2,274
Other intergovernmental		3,859	3,734	4,109	3,874	4,327	4,724	4,642	4,544	4,280	4,923
Investment income		1,152	418	769	(417)	562	458	745	73	137	1,119
Miscellaneous		144	47	44	71	55	1,157	83	80	470	960
Transfers		350	396	508	581	777	777	801	825	873	943
Total governmental activities		29,682	30,945	31,897	29,257	31,017	31,930	33,410	30,357	30,171	32,986
Business-type activities											
Investment income		122	58	94	(14)	54	50	66	5	4	55
Miscellaneous		-	-	100	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
Transfers		(350)	(396)	(508)	(581)	(777)	(777)	(801)	(825)	(873)	(943)
Total business-type activities		(228)	(338)	(314)	(595)	(723)	(724)	(735)	(820)	(869)	(888)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	29,454 \$	30,607 \$	31,583 \$	28,662 \$	30,294 \$	31,206 \$	32,675 \$	29,537 \$	29,302 \$	32,098
CHANGE IN NET POSITION											
Governmental activities	\$	1,373 \$	1,159 \$	7,000 \$	4,229 \$	(5,870) \$	6,047 \$	1,516 \$	(2,350) \$	311 \$	2,166
Business-type activities	Ψ	59	11	90	(147)	(319)	(89)	(59)	(106)	(233)	(93)
					, ,						· · ·
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	1,432 \$	1,170 \$	7,090 \$	4,082 \$	(6,189) \$	5,958 \$	1,457 \$	(2,456) \$	78 \$	2,073

Source:

^a Restated

^b Beginning in fiscal year 2014, replacement taxes, state sales taxes, and state use taxes are presented as intergovernmental revenues.

^c Prior to 2014, charges for services for general government and urban redevelopment and housing (along with library services) were combined in the schedule above.

d In 2013, GASB Statement No. 61 was implemented, resulting in the Urbana Free Library no longer being reported within Governmental Activities.

e In 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71 were implemented, resulting in the restatement of 2014 net position. The effects of the restatement are not shown in this schedule.

f In 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented, resulting in the restatement of 2017 net position. The effects of the restatement are not shown in this schedule.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		2010		2011		2012		2013*		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2018
GENERAL FUND																				
Nonspendable Prepaid items	\$	300	\$	371	\$	390	¢.	418	¢.	217	¢.	182	¢	103	¢.	101	¢	131	¢.	81
Unrestricted	3	300	Э	3/1	Э	390	Þ	418	Э	217	Э	182	Э	103	Э	101	Э	131	Э	81
Assigned																				
Workers' compensation				_		_										_		1,825		1,456
Unassigned / unreserved		6,018		4,715		5,830		4,645		8,894		11,362		15,594		9,699		10,645		13,499
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$	6,318	\$	5,086	\$	6,220	\$	5,063	\$	9,111	\$	11,544	\$	15,697	\$	9,800	\$	12,601	\$	15,036
	Ф	0,316	φ	3,000	φ	0,220	φ	3,003	φ	9,111	ψ	11,544	φ	13,097	φ	9,000	φ	12,001	φ	13,030
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS																				
Nonspendable																				
Prepaid items	\$	34	\$	29	\$	28	\$	20	\$	14	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted																				
Library services		1,860		2,080		2,108		2,127		-		-		-		-		-		-
Urban redevelopment and housing		9,443		7,974		5,959		5,875		4,476		5,252		5,224		4,152		3,674		3,849
Public safety		-		-		-		-		20		47		56		73		91		61
Highways and streets		-		-		- 						886		1,032		767		825		754
Capital projects		2,530		3,549		3,823		4,731		3,869		3,367		2,621		3,339		3,436		5,975
Unrestricted																				
Committed																				
Other purposes		484		205		293		783		-		-		-		-		-		-
Urban redevelopment and housing		521		683		600		388		-		-		-		-		-		-
Highways and streets		-		473		2,599		3,406		674		-		-		-		-		-
Workers' compensation		3,114		2,820		2,956		2,942		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		5,298		5,601		4,639		4,529		610		669		714		1,046		1,047		1,280
Assigned																				
Public safety		-		-		-		-		5,190		5,314		6,703		7,408		7,972		7,688
Urban redevelopment and housing		-		-		-		-		539		451		116		5,437		525		266
Social services		-		-		-		-		13		35		36		31		-		-
Workers' compensation		-		-		-		-		2,998		2,760		2,730		2,354		-		-
Public television		-		-		-		-		27		30		24		165		166		126
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		3,473		2,836		2,736		4,229		3,976		4,586
Property tax reserve		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,313		5,475
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-		(388)		(443)		(96)		(47)		-		(212)
TOTAL ALL OTHER																				
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	23,284	\$	23,414	\$	23,005	\$	24,801	\$	21,515	\$	21,204	\$	21,896	\$	28,954	\$	27,025	\$	29,848
TOTAL ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	29,602	\$	28,500	\$	29,225	\$	29,864	\$	30,626	\$	32,748	\$	37,593	\$	38,754	\$	39,626	\$	44,884

^{*} Restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 $\underline{\text{Source:}}$

The City of Urbana's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	2010	2011	2012	2013*	2014*	*	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
REVENUES	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2013	2010	2017	2010	2017
Property taxes	\$ 10,533	\$ 11,768	\$ 10,522	\$ 8,673 \$	7	,901	\$ 7,179	\$ 8,778	\$ 6,695	\$ 6,634	\$ 6,844
Other taxes	13,776	14,736	15,884	16,475	10	,863	11,009	11,308	11,213	11,550	11,544
Intergovernmental	9,973	9,188	13,827	12,422	18	,595	18,490	17,922	16,619	16,348	15,444
Investment income	1,152	418	769	(417)		562	458	26	73	136	1,103
Licenses, fines and service charges	3,761	4,009	4,920	4,023	5	,802	6,213	6,447	6,199	8,035	8,611
Miscellaneous	 139	45	46	-		56	1,157	743	80	470	960
Total revenues	 39,334	40,164	45,968	41,176	43	,779	44,506	45,224	40,879	43,173	44,506
EXPENDITURES											
Public safety	14,552	14,899	15,212	16,097	16	,422	16,345	16,046	16,783	16,782	16,793
Highways and streets	8,104	7,900	7,132	7,850	8	,097	7,826	8,068	8,449	8,662	8,777
General government	3,273	3,349	3,334	3,704	2	,895	4,666	4,197	4,833	5,270	5,161
Urban redevelopment and housing	5,755	6,628	6,675	5,946	17	,413	4,970	5,534	5,061	4,473	4,157
Library services	3,507	3,427	3,598	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service											
Principal	-	-	-	-		815	1,115	1,105	1,125	1,153	1,173
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-		60	141	128	114	100	69
Capital outlay	 6,299	5,459	9,800	9,887	13	,434	10,898	6,452	4,178	6,740	4,082
Total expenditures	 41,490	41,662	45,751	43,484	61	,136	45,961	41,530	40,543	43,180	40,212
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (2,156)	(1,498)	217	(2,308)	(17	,357)	(1,455)	3,694	336	(7)	4,294
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in (out)	350	396	508	205		777	777	801	825	879	963
Bond proceeds	 -	-	-	3,800		,000	2,800	350	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 350	396	508	4,005	۷	,777	3,577	1,151	825	879	963
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (1,806)	\$ (1,102)	\$ 725	\$ 1,697 \$	(12	,580)	\$ 2,122	\$ 4,845	\$ 1,161	\$ 872	\$ 5,257
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		1.8%	3.5%	2.6%	3.4%	3.5%	3.4%
MONGAI ITAL LAI LINDITURES	 0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070		1.0/0	٥.٥/٥	2.070	J. ⊤ /0	0/ د.د	J. ⊤ /0

Source:

^{*} Restated

^{**} Beginning in fiscal year 2014, replacement taxes, sales taxes, and use taxes are presented as intergovernmental revenues.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value (a)	Total Direct Tax Rate (b)	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as % of Actual Value	Percentage Change
2009	\$ 345,226,107	\$ 246,662,888	\$ 591,888,995	0.01294	\$ 1,775,666,985	33%	2.0%
2010	350,754,767	245,020,899	595,775,666	0.01294	1,787,326,998	33%	0.7%
2011	340,386,247	244,199,112	584,585,359	0.01319	1,753,756,077	33%	-1.9%
2012	329,368,177	239,673,992	569,042,169	0.01355	1,707,126,507	33%	-2.7%
2013	326,003,623	194,489,301	520,492,924	0.01355	1,561,478,772	33%	-8.5%
2014	321,888,953	201,494,560	523,383,513	0.01346	1,570,150,539	33%	0.6%
2015	320,668,273	201,974,287	522,642,560	0.01355	1,567,927,680	33%	-0.1%
2016	326,100,413	219,874,042	545,974,455	0.01355	1,637,923,365	33%	4.5%
2017	332,595,033	225,289,479	557,884,512	0.01355	1,673,653,536	33%	2.2%
2018	335,269,779	248,205,284	583,475,063	0.01349	1,750,425,207	33%	4.6%

Source: Champaign County Clerk

Note: Property in the City of Urbana is reassessed on a triennial basis. Property is assessed at 33.33% of estimated actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of equalized assessed value.

^a County deducts the tax-exempt property from each property category before reporting this data.

^b City of Urbana rate only. Excludes all other taxing jurisdictions.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Levy Years

(Tax Rates per \$100 Assessed Valuation)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
City of Urbana:	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010
Library	0.4998	0.4927	0.5089	0.5347	0.5608	0.5577	0.5728	0.5694	0.5754	0.5608
General	0.2735	0.2339	0.2454	0.1998	0.1492	0.3081	0.3989	0.4238	0.3895	0.3569
Police Pension	0.2964	0.3266	0.3328	0.3689	0.3928	0.2842	0.2127	0.2031	0.2223	0.2537
Fire Pension	0.2245	0.2410	0.2319	0.2516	0.2522	0.1962	0.1706	0.1587	0.1678	0.1785
Total City of Urbana:	1.2942	1.2942	1.3190	1.3550	1.3550	1.3462	1.3550	1.3550	1.3550	1.3499
School District	4.3178	4.4083	4.5983	4.9537	5.7630	5.8637	5.9828	5.9249	5.9684	5.6722
Champaign County	0.7487	0.7688	0.7841	0.8138	0.8511	0.8636	0.8672	0.8458	0.8481	0.8157
Park District	0.8354	0.8586	0.9526	1.0115	1.1816	1.2013	1.2214	1.2106	1.2255	1.2283
Parkland College	0.5082	0.5064	0.5120	0.5191	0.5253	0.5259	0.5460	0.5436	0.5411	0.5339
Mass Transit	0.2619	0.2725	0.2831	0.2966	0.3198	0.3282	0.3332	0.3235	0.3274	0.3313
Cunningham Town	0.1885	0.1942	0.2030	0.2164	0.2472	0.2488	0.2154	0.2064	0.2020	0.2030
Public Health	0.1071	0.1075	0.1102	0.1163	0.1259	0.1290	0.1307	0.1267	0.1276	0.1040
Forest Preserve	0.0790	0.0817	0.0843	0.0880	0.0931	0.0944	0.0947	0.0928	0.0925	0.0927
Total	8.3408	8.4922	8.8466	9.3704	10.4620	10.6011	10.7464	10.6293	10.6876	10.3310

Source: Champaign County Clerk

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	At Fiscal Year End June 30, 2019 Percentage of							End)
				Percentage of Total City				Percentage of Total City
		Equalized		Equalized		Equalized		Equalized
T		Assessed	D 1	Assessed		Assessed	D 1	Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
One Illinois Apartments	\$	12,515,130	1	2.14%	\$	-		-
Bainbridge CC Urbana Apartment		12,106,100	2	2.07%		-		-
Clark Lindsey Village		7,168,230	3	1.23%		4,722,490	9	0.80%
MIMG XLV Town& Country		6,526,460	4	1.12%		-		-
Supervalu Inc		4,498,700	5	0.77%		-		-
Amber Apartments LLC		4,364,270	6	0.75%		-		-
Walmart Property		3,993,540	7	0.68%		5,159,630	6	0.90%
Campus Property Management		3,444,840	8	0.59%		11,048,800	3	1.90%
Hunsinger Enterprises Inc		3,425,140	9	0.59%		-		-
Meijer Inc		3,409,550	10	0.58%		-		-
JSM Management		3,296,620	11	0.56%		-		-
Urbana Campus Rental II		3,170,720	12	0.54%		-		-
The Pointe at U of I LLC		2,999,700	13	0.51%		-		-
EFN Urbana Propeties		2,916,070	14	0.50%		-	_	-
Total	\$	73,835,070		12.65%	\$	20,930,920		3.60%
			: =				=	
Total Urbana EAV	\$	583,475,063			\$	595,775,666		

Source: Champaign County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX LEVY AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	Total Tax Levy Extended	Collections in Fiscal Year	Levy Collected In Fiscal Year	Percent of Collections Subsequent Years	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
2009	\$ 7,660,227	\$ 3,869,925	50.52%	\$ 3,768,393	\$ 7,638,318	99.71%
2010	7,710,529	3,949,073	51.22%	3,735,508	7,684,581	99.66%
2011	7,710,681	4,039,136	52.38%	3,626,140	7,665,276	99.41%
2012	7,710,681	3,574,872	46.36%	3,268,227	6,843,099	88.75%
2013	7,052,679	3,768,460	53.43%	3,248,843	7,017,303	99.50%
2014	7,045,789	3,738,041	53.05%	3,284,566	7,022,607	99.67%
2015	7,081,807	3,719,966	52.53%	3,338,651	7,058,617	99.67%
2016	7,397,954	3,945,600	53.33%	3,423,117	7,368,717	99.60%
2017	7,559,335	4,005,524	52.99%	3,440,699	7,446,223	98.50%
2019	7,876,330	1,844,737	23.42%	-	1,844,737	23.42%

Source: Champaign County Clerk

Note: Does not include special service areas or incremental property taxes, but does include the Urbana Free Library

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Type Activities								
	General				'	_			Percentage of		
Fiscal	Obligation	Loans			A	Alternate	Tot	al Primary	Personal		
Year	Bonds	Payable	Parki	ng Bonds	Rev	enue Note	Go	vernment	Income (a)	Per C	Capita (a)
2010	\$ -	\$ -	\$	435,000	\$	113,203	\$	548,203	0.04%	\$	14
2011	-	-		300,000		101,391		401,391	0.03%		10
2012	-	-		155,000		88,516		243,516	0.02%		6
2013	3,800,000	-		-		74,482		3,874,482	0.26%		92
2014	6,985,000	-		-		59,186		7,044,186	0.40%		167
2015	8,670,000	-		-		42,513		8,712,513	0.49%		206
2016	7,565,000	350,000		-		24,339		7,939,339	0.48%		188
2017	6,440,000	332,500		-		-		6,772,500	0.38%		161
2018	5,305,000	315,000		-		-		5,620,000	0.31%		134
2019	4,150,000	297,500		-		-		4,447,500	0.23%		106

Source:

The City of Urbana's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

(a) Additional demographic information is available in the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

General						Percentage of Actual Taxable									
Fiscal	Fiscal Obligation			Loans			Value of								
Year		Bonds		Payable		Total	Property	Per Capita							
2010	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.0%	\$	_						
2011		-		-		-	0.0%		-						
2012		-		-		-	0.0%		-						
2013		3,800,000		-		3,800,000	0.7%		91.00						
2014		6,985,000		-		6,985,000	1.3%		167						
2015		8,670,000		-		8,670,000	1.7%		206						
2016		7,565,000		350,000		7,915,000	1.5%		187						
2017		5,305,000		315,000		5,620,000	1.2%		161						
2018		5,305,000		315,000		5,620,000	1.0%		134						
2019		4,150,000		297,500		4,447,500	0.8%		106						

Note:

Revenue and special assessment debt not included. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Population can be found in the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics. Information on taxable value can be found in the schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit Overlapping debt	_	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt (1)
Debt repaid with property taxes	_			_	
School District	\$	35,826,000	71%	\$	25,318,571
Champaign County		18,720,000	12%		2,231,943
Forest Preserve		384,826	12%		45,903
Parkland College		52,666,094	12%		6,309,915
C-U Health District		328,860	22%		71,216
C-U Mass Transit District		-	19%		-
Urbana Park District		11,378,493	81%	_	9,216,274
Subtotal, overlapping debt					43,193,822
City of Urbana direct debt				_	4,447,500
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$_	47,641,322

Source: Assessed value provided by Champaign County Clerk. Outstanding debt provided by each government unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City of Urbana. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Urbana. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) Computed by dividing Urbana's assessed value by the assessed value of the overlapping government and multiplying this rate by the overlapping government's outstanding debt. An overlapping government unit is any which levies a tax on a citizen of Urbana. This schedule does not include revenue supported debt.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION As of June 30, 2019

The City is a home rule municipality. Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable form ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the essential value of its taxable property...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent...indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing amounts."

To date, the General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	(1) Population	(2) Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	P	(2) er Capita dersonal income	(1) Median Age	(3) Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	(4) School Enrollment	(5) Unemployment Rate
2010	40,210	\$ 1,440,483	\$	35,824	24.0	14.1	4,206	10.4%
2011	41,440	1,544,303		37,266	24.0	14.1	4,242	8.6%
2012	41,511	1,576,859		37,461	24.0	14.1	4,331	8.8%
2013	41,581	1,625,235		38,409	24.0	14.1	4,454	8.5%
2014	41,752	1,638,223		39,237	23.8	14.9	4,494	5.7%
2015	42,044	1,649,680		39,237	23.8	14.9	4,451	4.5%
2016	42,311	1,660,157		39,237	23.9	14.9	4,444	5.2%
2017	42,014	1,800,846		42,863	24.0	15.3	4,604	4.5%
2018	41,889	1,825,523		43,584	24.0	15.3	4,590	4.4%
2019	42,046	1,902,161		45,240	24.0	15.3	4,480	3.8%

Sources:

- (3) Estimate by city staff from American Community Survey.
- (4) Urbana School District #116. Number is from start of school year.
- (5) Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, expressed as a percentage. Rate is for last quarter of fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ Estimate by city staff from U.S. Bureau of Census information. Median age and education levels are based on information from 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-year estimates

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Commerce Department, for Champaign-Urbana M.S.A. Amount is for total for the year, expressed in thousands.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019		2010				
			Percentage of					
			Total City			Total City		
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
University of Illinois	13,934	1	13.2%	11,676	1	7.4%		
University of Illinois	*			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			
Carle Group	6,921	2	6.5%	5,668	2	3.6%		
Champaign Schools	1,664	3	1.6%	1,351	3	0.9%		
Kraft Foods	925	4	0.9%	1,300	4	0.9%		
Christie Clinic	916	5	0.9%					
Champaign County	893	6	0.8%	800	10			
Urbana Schools	828	7	0.8%	900	8	0.6%		
Fedex	815	8	0.8%					
OSF HealthCare	774	9	0.7%					
Parkland College	741	10	0.7%	1,200	5	0.8%		
Plastipak	735	11	0.7%	810	9	0.5%		
City of Champaign	630	12	0.6%					
Total	29,776		28.2%	23,705	:	14.7%		

Sources: Champaign County Economic Development Corporation.

NUMBER OF CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Safety										
Police safety										
Sworn	55.0	55.0	55.0	54.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	57.0	57.0	58.00
Civilian	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	17.8	17.3	17.0	15.5	15.25	14.25
Fire safety										
Sworn	57.0	56.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.00
Civilian	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.00
Highways and Streets										
Administration	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.00
Maintenance	32.5	29.5	32.5	32.5	32.7	29.0	28.5	28.45	28.5	27.00
Engineering	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.9	12.3	11.3	11.7	12.85	11.65
Fleet	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.00
Arbor	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	14.8	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.40
Facilities	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.8	8.8	8.3	8.3	8.25	5.40
Environmental	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.00
General Government										
Administration	4.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.00
Legal	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.00
Human resources	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.00
Human relations	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.5	1.98
Finance	8.0	8.0	8.0	11.8	12.0	12.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	13.00
Information technology	11.0	11.0	11.0	10.0	10.3	11.3	10.9	11.2	10.65	9.33
City clerk	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.00
Public communications										0.50
Urban Redevelopment and Housing										
Planning	7.5	6.5	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.3	5.8	5.8	5.25	5.25
Economic development	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.8	5.8	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.50
Building safety	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.8	8.8	9.8	9.8	9.2	8.65
Housing	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.25
Total	277.0	270.0	275.0	276.8	277.4	273.0	270.1	271.9	271.5	264.2

Source: City Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2010	2010
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Safety										
Police Department										
Arrests	7.251	6,146	6,170	5,956	6,895	6,830	6,233	5,151	5,114	5,515
Service calls	20,964	20,066	20,646	20,100	20,487	19,397	17,418	24,166	23,518	27,550
Reports written	7.119	7,083	7,304	7,108	7,701	7,411	6,856	6,665	6,147	6,624
Parking tickets issued	33,601	24,436	24,666	22,744	21,823	22,439	16,382	22,255	18,720	16,852
Fire Department	33,001	24,430	24,000	22,744	21,623	22,439	10,362	22,233	16,720	10,632
Fires	172	186	291	258	207	188	217	173	165	106
Overpressure, explosion, overheat	172	8	13	238 5	13	13	10	173	103	106
Rescue EMS		2,285		2,412				2,561	2,659	2,703
	2,141		2,325	,	2,713	2,556	2,618			
Hazardous condition	217	253	239	248	257	220	223	192	177	218
Service call	434	456	467	560	679	737	598	617	605	660
Good intent	475	434	430	380	486	464	407	372	400	413
False alarm or false call	1,072	1,004	1,000	1,064	1,065	1,002	1,046	829	887	958
Severe weather or natural disaster	2	4	5	2	5	3	2	-	2	12
Special incident	4	5	2	4	2	3	-	3	4	4
Uncoded	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inspections:										
Fire/CD combined	**	**	**	39	-	-	-	-	2	1
Certified housing	**	**	**	18	23	23	42	39	38	39
Commercial	**	**	**	842	1,037	1,056	848	997	796	432
Hotel/Motel	**	**	**	**	**	**	7	0	2	0
Multi family	**	**	**	252	333	355	384	284	205	409
Residential	**	**	**	49	23	31	23	5	5	11
U of I fire inspection	**	**	**	44	70	72	69	61	80	122
Highways and Streets										
Street resurfacing (sq. yard asphalt and concrete)	48,182	62,010	63,248	129,271	137,354	73,142	47,216	70,987	194,921	88,845
Recycling, tons of waste collected (1000's)										
Non-landscape	7.3	8.6	8.8	9.6	0.5	10.0	5.7	5.3	4.7	3.9
Landscape	20.3	16.9	21.9	17.9	17.3	16.5	10	11.8	11.4	12.0
General Government										
Licenses/permits processed	792	833	877	992	1,035	1,044	1,018	939	953	929
Parking rentals and permits	1,837	1,815	1,815	1,762	1,575	1,621	1,542	1,610	1,557	1,373
Urban Redevelopment and Housing										
Permits issued	1,627	1,456	1,513	1,346	1,610	1,417	1,472	1,635	1,662	1,796
Zoning/planning cases	54	51	75	43	85	91	77	84	55	90

Source: Various city departments.

^{*} Records for responses are corrupted and accurate information is unable to be obtained.

^{**} Changed tracking for inspections in 2013 to be able to break down into specific categories.

^{***} Information not available.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Highways and Streets										
Area City (sq. mi.)	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	12.0
Miles streets	145.5	145.5	143.8	143.8	143.8	143.8	138.4	145.5	146.7	152.2
Miles sewers	237.3	241.0	241.9	243.0	243.8	244.7	244.3	245.7	249.1	245.7
Street lights	3,619	3,659	3,688	3,651	3,768	3,781	3,791	3,793	3,796	3,805
City trees	12,640	12,670	12,700	11,572	11,479	11,165	10,793	10,750	10,824	10,915

Source: Various city departments.